

# SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

A JOURNAL OF THE

COMING CIVILIZATION

TWELFTH YEAR

No. 29

National Edition (4 pages), 50 cents a Year in Advance  
Wisconsin Edition (8 pages), \$1.00 a Year; Six Months 50 cents

PURPOSELY PUBLISHED FOR PROPAGANDA



Ten Weeks Ten Cents to New Subscribers Only in Advance,  
by Mail or at Office. For Bundle Rates See Page 4

MILWAUKEE, WIS., U. S. A., NOV. 13, 1909

ESTABLISHED 1898

WHOLE NUMBER 589

## Comment on Passing Events.

By Frederic Heath

"Now see what you went and done," Messrs. Federal Courts, for Mr. Gompers at Toronto!

The Ferrer horror will not down. Nor does the apprehension for the safety of freedom of conscience which it raises.

The Astor divorce case has been decided and the papers therein will be guarded from the public. It would be a good thing for the morals of the people if all these putrescent divorces in millionaire-dom could be similarly guarded.

The newspapers that have been printing those crooked Associated Press reports about Socialist losses in the European elections, are now amusingly silent. To square themselves they ought to print the real facts.

The capitalist government is playing a desperate game in the Gompers case. The wise fellows behind the screen may think they are pretty cute, but they are directing unpleasant attention toward the administration - appointed federal courts.

The Rev. Father John Ryan says that many of his brethren are so busy trying to oppose Socialism that they make themselves the spokesmen for capitalism and misrepresent the Socialists. He certainly hits the nail on the head so far as a good many of our critics go.

The daily press seems to consider it remarkable news that the American Federation of Labor convention stands back of Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison in the assault upon them by the capitalistic federal courts. If it did not back them up it would make itself a stench in the nostrils of all true Americans.

One reason for small families, the so-called race suicide, appears to have escaped the wise ones. We refer to the general unhealthfulness of the race, under modern conditions, which makes the survival of children so uncertain as to fill every home with haunting dreads, and a consequent disinclination to incur them.

The Baptists of Illinois, in state convention assembled, have gone on record in favor of shorter hours for labor, for protection from dangerous machinery and disease, the abolition of child labor and for the highest wage that each industry can afford and the most equitable division of the products that can ultimately be devised. That is certainly moving Socialism-ward.

Inventions in capitalist control are great things for—the capitalists. In 1870 it cost 25 cents to send a telegram that now costs 30 cents, while the telegraph employees get 30 per cent lower wages now than they did then. England operates its telegraph system as part of its postal system. Uncle Sam ought to wrest the telegraphs from capitalist hands also.

Gompers and Morrison, being representatives of labor, can be pounced upon by the federal courts for boycotting, but it remains to be seen if Gripe-nuts Post of Battle Creek will get the same medicine now that he has publicly asked manufacturers to withhold their advertising patronage from the *Detroit News* and *Akron Press*. We will bet a big cookie that Post is not molested!

Chicago Italians, following the example of New York, have just held a monster Ferrer protest meeting. A significant incident occurred. An Anarchist, one of the black flag wavers, who have taken advantage of the Ferrer murder

to get before the public, mounted the stage to make a speech. He was politely but firmly made to understand that Anarchists were not wanted.

And now labor men throughout the country are commenting on the significant fact that the affirmation of the contempt decision in the Gompers case, was withheld until too late to affect the elections held last week.

The decision of the court of appeals upholding the original decree of Justice Gould was not announced until a week after President Taft had been carried into office by labor's vote, it is pointed out.

The Australian states have progressed far enough to put in practice the progressive taxation of unimproved land values. It doesn't bring the millennium, but it does bring more equitable taxation, and less of the tax-dodging that is one of the most crying evils of the cities of the United States. While the worst tax-dodgers are the wealthy fellows who have paper and bonds that can be hidden from sight, real estate ownership benefits greatly from all public improvement, and the more valid the public improvement the greater the benefit. Thus, in Glasgow, the inauguration of municipal ownership and the operation of municipal street cars "vastly increased the value of Glasgow land."

The daughter of William Morris, who is now on a visit to this country, was on the ocean when a wireless telegram was received aboard ship telling of the news of the execution of Francisco Ferrer in Spain.

"Spain seems to be in a very bad way," she says. "Conditions there are very difficult to explain. I have a friend who was in Spain during the trouble there. He emphasized emphatically the fact that the people were very much opposed to the war against Morocco, and that this was the cause of the demonstration, against the government."

Such demonstrations usually come from mass impulse. No one man can make such an uprising as guilty Spain would have us believe.

The editor of the *Catholic Citizen* seems to consider as a matter of course that he belongs on the side of the defense in the Ferrer case, conceding, it would appear, that Ferrer really died at the hands of the clerics. Says he:

"The youth who tried to assassinate King Alfonso was a pupil of Ferrer. His bomb missed the king, but killed twenty-three non-combatants, among them several women. This pupil of Ferrer paid the penalty because he was caught in the act; but the sneaking 'philosophic anarchist' who virtually made the bomb escape. Later Ferrer WAS CAUGHT RIGHT; and hence the whole whining cowardly pack of them moan and shed tears."

As the Ferrer schools number over 100 the action of one pupil does not necessarily involve the schools or their late head. And when the *Citizen* says Prof. Ferrer "was caught right," just what does it mean?

May Morris, daughter of the late William Morris, British poet, manufacturer and Socialist, is in America on a lecturing tour. Last week she was the guest of Hull house, Chicago. In an interview in a daily we find this pertinent criticism of modern conditions:

"The head master of the municipal art school at Birmingham is a Socialist. He was a very close friend of my father. One of the objects of this school is to teach the boys intending to go into the various trades to the best kind of work. It seems to be a mistake,

however. UNDER PRESENT CONDITIONS GOOD WORK IS NOT WANTED. It is not appreciated. Take the boys who become jewelers, for instance. Their work is so much better than that wanted by jewelers that the boys are unable to find work. Before they can find a place to work they must forget a good deal of the things they have learned."

Socialism would emancipate art as it would practically every other worthy aspiration among the people.

It is reported that Divine Healer Schlatter died of old age recently in a hotel in Nebraska. There is something probably wrong about the report. Schlatter, after his sensational handkerchief blessings in Denver, finally withdrew to the mountains of Mexico for a year's fast and prayer under instructions from the Lord, he claimed. So far as known he never came back, and there was a report that his bleaching bones had been found by hunters a year later. A Scotchman, who first took the name of Schlatter and then of Schroeder, is probably the man who has just died. He went about the country as a divine healer and was not above representing himself as the original Schlatter. We had a personal experience with the man when he was in Milwaukee some nine or ten years ago. Being in daily newspaper employ, we were sent to his hotel to get an interview. And we found this man who claimed to be under divine protection and guidance busy attaching a rope fire escape which he had brought with him, to the legs of his bed, although his room was only on the second story. We felt that

**Who Is The Slave!**  
If you put a chain around the neck of a slave the other end fastens around your own—Emerson.

"The liberty of the press must be liberally, not wantonly, construed," says an advocate of the kind of "good government" that is good only when granted to the people by self-appraised respectability and superiority.—*The Public*.

his faith was of a pretty shaky order.

The latest exploit of Gen. Otis, the "union-busting" belligerent of the malodorous *Los Angeles Times*, has just been given general publicity by *The Survey*.

In 1907 the superintendent of schools in Los Angeles was given the task of preparing a guide book for the National Educational Association convention, and decided against including therein a bitter attack on trade unionism by Union-smasher Otis.

This sent Otis on the war path, and he has been trying to injure the school administration ever since, stopping at no disreputable lengths in his crusade. He charged the superintendent with mismanagement and extravagance and on every count lost out when an investigation was had.

The rapid growth in population in Los Angeles made it hard to house the school children, and there was crying need of more school buildings. Otis fought the bond issue that was to provide money for more and sadly needed schools, but the people voted the bonds, four to one.

Otis thereupon attacked the high

school boys scurrilously for being election "pluggers," and caused a suit to be brought tying up the bonds. The courts decided against him, but the bonds were again tied up by a request for a new trial—like the Neacy tactics in Milwaukee!—and there were no bids for the bonds.

When school opened for the new term, hundreds of pupils were in line forty-eight hours at the two large high schools, only to be turned away or sent to temporary schools at the end of that time for lack of room.

The grade schools showed a like state of things, and the people became fully aroused. The anti-Otis newspapers called on the people to themselves buy the bonds, and then Otis, coward, as he really is at heart, made haste to withdraw his suit.

But another factor that determined him was a monster parade of school children, with a regular crusader outfit of flags and banners and mottoes.

They demanded the right to an education, ample seating capacity in the schools, etc., and the monster parade led to a big mass meeting with nearly ten thousand people turned away for lack of even standing room!

The tide was turned, the bonds are sold, and Otis has discovered that the public school is a pretty hard proposition to "monkey" with. His name is a stench in the nostrils of more than the trade unionists of Los Angeles as a result of the children's crusade, and the old reprobate has been properly pilloried at last.

There remains a few words also to be said about the political labor movement.

"The Social-Democratic party of America, like other organizations of its kind in European countries, has gone through a great many severe diseases of childhood. We have finally succeeded in getting a FIRM FOOTHOLD and in organizing a party which deserves this name."

"True, we have as yet no representative in congress. But what good progress we are making is shown by the fact that the Social-Democratic party in 1903 consisted of 1,200 locals with 20,000 members. At the end of 1906, however, this number had increased to 1,900 locals with about 35,000 members. Our annual report for 1909 will give 3,200 locals and 60,000 members. That is a tremendous growth. A similar growth is shown in our party press. In 1903 the Social-Democratic party had thirty periodicals in various languages. At present there are over fifty."

"I will remark, for instance, that at the last election in Milwaukee, my home city, literature in the shape of various leaflets was distributed

## Victor Berger's Address in Berlin

[We give herewith the continuation of the address made in Berlin by Mr. Berger, together with the discussion.]

"Yet more woefully did the American Federation of Labor miscarry when in 1908 it resolved to support the Democratic party in the presidential election, because the Republicans had refused their demands with contempt. Although Gompers did all that was humanly possible for Bryan, the Democratic candidate, and even accused the Social-Democratic candidate for president, Eugene V. Debs, that his special train was paid for by the Republicans—the Democratic candidate for president fell much further behind this time than ever before."

"Since the American working class and labor leaders—so far as they are not Socialists—lack any ideal, it is no wonder that so many of them become CORRUPT and that many leaders use their positions to GET RICH. I will mention only Samuel Park, of New York; 'Skinny' Madden and Patrick Shea, of Chicago, who abused their union offices in order to practice extortion—and also the so-called labor may-

or of San Francisco, Eugene Schmitz."

"Whether Gompers learned anything from his trip to Europe I very much doubt. It is significant that Ralph Esley, the 'masher' of the Civic federation, was in Europe at the same time for the purpose of founding here a similar national association of employers and labor leaders. Moreover, Mr. Gompers' reports in the American papers, in which he carefully refrains from saying that the German trade unionists are Socialists, and in which he is now depreciating the parliamentary representatives of the English trades unions, because they advocate Social-Democratic measures, certainly do not prove that Gompers WANTED to learn anything. So much for the American Federation of Labor."

It needs a fundamental reform in head and members, or it will go under. However, the signs indicate that a REVOLUTION FROM BELOW will take place in the trades unions within the next few years, which will prepare a speedy end for the reign of Gompersism and the Civic federation."

## Wanton Capitalism's Wierd Kaliedoscope

**In This Year of Our Lord!**  
Chicago, Nov. 5.—An army of starving human beings, 10,000 strong, has been living in Chicago on garbage since the cold weather set in. Two thousand two hundred families daily have been sending their children from their miserable homes to be scavengers in alleys and on refuse dumps.

Many deaths from disease due to this consumption of garbage have been reported from the Cook County Hospital.

Within an area of eight blocks square in one of the tenement districts of the West Side, 187 persons were found who admitted that their main food supply came from garbage cans.

Conditions in the poorer districts of "new Chicago," hailed by bands of reformers as an ideal city, are appalling. They rival Eugene Sue's description of pauper Paris in the "Mysteries of Paris." London slums hold no worse cases of poverty than does western Chicago.

"This must be stopped at once," said the Board of Health, when reports of the county hospital deaths reached city hall.

So the doctors of the board sent squads of inspectors to the garbage dumps and cans. Frequently the sight of tired little children, with bags of refuse slung over their shoulders in alleysways guided them to the source of the rotten food supply.

Then the inspectors, acting under orders, sprinkled all the decaying food with carbolic acid.

**Thankful for Tainted Cash.**  
Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 10.—Rev. Dr. H. M. Wharton, one of the leading Baptists of the South, in a festival address here thanked God that John D. Rockefeller is being moved to give his "tainted money" to the church.

"The church," said Dr. Wharton, "will gladly take all the 'tainted money' that Rockefeller wants to give for missions or other causes. The only objection to Rockefeller's giving is 'taint' enough."

**Running the Schools.**  
Newark, N. J., Nov. 4.—The Newark Star publishes a letter of protest against priest domination in public schools growing out of the attempt

of Rev. Edward F. Quirk, a Catholic priest, to have Prof. Bryan C. Matthews, of the Barringer high school, discharged because he acted as chairman of the Ferrer protest meeting.

"If Father Quirk's church is teaching the truth and nothing but the truth, what has the reverend gentleman to fear from modern science?" In my humble opinion the spiritual director of the Catholic young men is making the same blunder in assailing Prof. Matthews that the co-religionists in Spain made in procuring the death of Prof. Ferrer," says a letter.

**Will He Be Prosecuted?**  
Battle Creek, Mich., Nov. 1.—Charles W. Post, the breakfast food man, afflicted with an insane hatred for labor, has advocated the boycott in his magazine, *The Square Deal*, and he intimidates the Canadian Bank of Commerce in a letter which contains the usual Post rhetoric. He advocates a boycott against all papers which are inclined to be fair toward labor. He says he has withdrawn his advertising from such papers and he advised others to do the same.

## A Study Course in Socialism

Prepared Under Auspices of the National Party

### Lesson II.—The Economics of Capitalism

**RELIMINARY** In all our economic discussion it must be understood that we are talking of people living in modern society—not of Robinson Crusoe on his island nor of the Eskimo with his harpoon, whom some writers drag in, to the confusion of their readers. Again, we are talking of ordinary commodities, the supply of which can be indefinitely increased. These constitute more than 99 per cent. of the world's wealth; yet many shallow writers fix their attention on exceptional articles—pictures by the "old masters," rare violins, jewels

of phenomenal size, rare books and stamps, aged wines—things which are practically unique, the supply of which is a fixed quantity, and which command from rich collectors what is called a "scarcity price" radically different from ordinary price and value. When we speak of "distribution," it will be understood that we do not mean transportation (which is economically a part of the productive process), but that we mean the division of the values produced among the various persons concerned—wages to workers, rent to land owners, interest to lenders of capital, profit to possessors of capital, etc.

**Utility.**—By utility (or "use-value") we mean the power of any commodity to command a definite quantity of any other commodity in

exchange. By price we mean the amount of some other commodity which a thing will command in exchange. In civilized society nearly all exchange takes the form of buying and selling with money, no matter whether the price is paid down in coin or in bills, notes, or checks representing coin or is put on account to be balanced against other transactions. Practically the price of a commodity is the amount of money it will sell for. Money is some particular commodity which by custom or law is adopted as a universal medium of exchange and standard of value. In most countries gold is the fundamental money.

The older economists called value "natural price," by which they meant that it is what price tends to be in a free market. In any given case a commodity may sell above or below its value; but on the whole these cases counterbalance each other and commodities tend to

be sold at their value.

Value must be distinguished from utility. The utilities of different commodities differ in quality and cannot be compared quantitatively. On the contrary, the values of different commodities are all alike in quality and can be quantitatively measured and compared. The value in a thousand dollars' worth of flour is exactly the same as the value in a thousand dollars' worth of beer or shoes or kerosene or diamonds. We cannot say that a coat is more or less useful than a loaf of bread; neither can be substituted for the other in use. But we can say that a coat is one hundred times as valuable as a loaf of bread, since we can sell the coat for \$5 and buy a loaf of bread for 5 cents; as values, they are interchangeable.

**What Gives Things Value?**—Only useful things have value. Unless an article will satisfy some human want, no one will buy it. But not all useful things have value.

Air is useful, but valueless. Nor does the amount of value depend on the degree of utility. In a sparsely settled and well watered country fish are as useful as in a great city, but they are much less valuable. If each of us had an Aladdin's lamp and could get whatever he wished for, the words "value" and "price" would lose all meaning and the science of economics would cease to exist.

Only those things have value which are useful and are more or less difficult to obtain. The amount of value depends, not on a thing's usefulness, but on the difficulty of obtaining it.

**Value and Price.**—Value is a more general and abstract concept, price more concrete and specific. To understand value, we must first study the behavior of prices.

The price of a commodity may differ in various transactions in the same place on the same day, owing to this or that buyer's or seller's

## Wonderful Socialist Gains!

Big Gains in Europe. Progress at Home

### Grand Gains in Berlin

Berlin, Nov. 5.—Socialism CONTINUES ITS TRIUMPHANT MARCH in Germany! Of all the recent successes of the Socialists none is more notable than the victory in the municipal elections here yesterday, when they captured FOURTEEN of the sixteen seats contested, compared with eleven seats at the last election. The significance of this result is less visible from a comparison of these numbers than from a comparison of the total votes.

The Socialist poll at the last election was 26,900, while yesterday it was 44,100, while the united poll of all their opponents fell from 8,500 to 8,100.

The Socialists scored triumphs in municipal elections elsewhere, and the party is jubilant.

At Altona, for instance, they captured two seats in the municipal council, which heretofore has never had a Socialist member.

### More Socialist Gains

Dresden, Nov. 5.—As the result of the balance of the re-ballots held yesterday for members of the Saxon Diet the Socialists GAINED THREE MORE representatives, making their present strength in the Diet TWENTY-FIVE as against ONE in the preceding Diet. The conservative majority is completely wiped out.

### In America

**Socialism Goes Back to Massachusetts Legislature**

Haverhill, Mass., Nov. 5.—Charles H. Morrill, Socialist, gave the old party politicians a body blow here by being elected a representative to the state legislature from the Fourth Essex district.

This is the district that was represented by James H. Carey, Socialist, in the state legislature for five years.

This district, the Fourth Essex district, consists of Ward five, Haverhill, in which were registered this year 2,039 voters. While the vote was light, many workingmen who sympathized with the Socialist candidate did not come out and vote, they being affected by the general apathy which prevailed in Massachusetts and which affected all parties.

Morrill's victory was all the more significant because the fight was between him and the Republican candidate, there being no Democratic candidate in the field. The vote stood: Morrill, Socialist, 651; Bartlett, Republican, 629.

The Socialists had but little money with which to conduct a

in ten different languages. That things are going forward is shown by the elections in Milwaukee, where we cast 23,000 votes out of 62,000, and where, consequently, since there are three parties, we lacked only a few votes of carrying the city and electing the mayor. We have elected in Milwaukee ten aldermen, six supervisors, five members of the legislature, and one senator. Besides, last spring four members of the school board, which consists of fifteen members.

"Of course, in Milwaukee FOUR-FIFTHS of the trades unionists are convinced Social-Democrats and go with us politically. In Milwaukee we have a two-armed labor movement, a labor movement with a political and an economic arm—a labor movement in which the PARTY OF THE TRADES UNIONS and the TRADES UNION OF THE PARTY STAND SIDE BY SIDE. ON THE OFFENSIVE AND DEFENSIVE, without either one meddling in the affairs of the other. "And this must be the maxim of

(Continued to page 4.)

campaign and did not employ teams to get out the voters, while the Republicans had many teams and automobiles.

Morrill has been an active Socialist fifteen years, being well known among the Socialists of Massachusetts. He is financial secretary of local Haverhill of the Socialist party and secretary-treasurer of the Essex County Socialist Federation, and a member of the State Committee. He is not a public speaker.

### Socialist Mayor Elected

Grand Junction, Colo., Nov. 5.—The Socialists have elected their candidate for mayor to office in spite of the fact that no party names were permitted on the ballots. A great deal of credit is given the labor unions for aiding in securing the victory.

This is not a mining community. It is one of those sections of Colorado, which are also found in other western states, which have been reclaimed by irrigation to become the most fertile agricultural spots in the country.

Grand Junction is one of the growing communities of Colorado. It recently adopted the commission form of government, which will mean that the Socialist mayor will have a great deal more power than he would if there were a city council.

### The Vote in New York

The vote of the party in Greater New York for mayor is given below, with the vote for 1908 for comparison:

	1909	Cassidy, 1908
Manhattan .....	3,662	12,411
Bronx .....	1,662	3,245
Brooklyn .....	3,862	8,124
Queens .....	1,002	1,751
Richmond .....	74	193

Total .....

The Socialists blame Hearst. The party showed gains in the state. The S. L. P. vote shriveled up and was below 1,000. Its leprosy death is now almost complete.

### Socialist Treasurer Elected

Crawfordsville, Ind., Nov. 5.—John Tinsley, Socialist, has been elected treasurer of Longview, a suburb of Crawfordsville.

### Cincinnati, O., Nov. 5.—Nicholas Klein, Cincinnati's Socialist attorney candidate for assessor of personal property, was defeated for the position, but polled 10,000 votes.

### A Large Vote

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 5.—Democrats of this city were probably the uneasiest politicians in the nation until the ballots had been counted in the mayoralty race showing that Frederick Strickland, Socialist, had not been elected mayor in spite of the wonderful fight put up by him. The count showed Frank P. Foster, Democrat, 2,153 votes, while Strickland received 1,393 votes.

### Socialists Elected in Ohio

Byesville, O., Nov. 7.—C. A. Engel, Socialist candidate for mayor, only lacked five votes of election yesterday, but a Socialist council was elected. The Socialists elected G. S. Peters marshal, H. B. Pierce assessor, L. H. Hinkle, Isaac Lightowler, George Wilton, W. C. Thompson and John Trott, councilmen.

Eureka, Utah, Nov. 8.—The Socialists were defeated by a Citizens' ticket by only 24 votes.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 4.—The Socialists of this city are jubilant over the great progress made by their party in the county, as shown in Tuesday's election for sheriff, when Teddy Morrow, Socialist candidate, polled 5,000 votes as against 708 for Debs last year. The successful candidate for sheriff received but 6,000 votes.

urgent needs, his ignorance that he could make a better bargain around the corner, or some other personal circumstance. But this is exceptional. The efforts of buyers to get things as cheap as they can and of sellers to get as high prices as they can result in a tendency for all sales in a given market at a given time to be made at the same price. We shall study only the fluctuations in such generally prevailing prices.

The price of a commodity commonly rises and falls from day to day (even from hour to hour in the wholesale markets) under the influence of a great variety of temporary conditions—scarcity or glut of goods, deliberate "bulling" and "bearings," abundance or lack of ready money, changes of weather, true or false reports of facts that would affect future supply, etc. These oscillations of price are what we shall study next week.

There are also more general and lasting changes of price due to an-

(Continued to page 5.)



## A Catholic View

IN the mind of Marx the theory of value and the theory of surplus value were explanations of what actually happens in capitalist society, not justifications of some ideal order. They showed, as he thought, why Socialism is inevitable, not why it is right.

Yet Catholics, as well as other writers, constantly assure us (sometimes without having read a line of Marx) that he believed that labor ought to have the full product of industry, because it creates all value. One cannot refuse a certain amount of sympathy with Father Hoboff's assertion that many Catholics attack the Marxian theory of value merely because of their opposition to Socialism. They assume that if they can demolish the labor theory of value the whole superstructure of Socialism will necessarily topple over. Now this conception of the matter is pitifully simple, naive and a priori. . . . Those who regard the theory of value as important can see it refuted and still believe that the present system is wrong. For the vital and decisive

fact remains that labor of some sort produces, in conjunction with capital, all wealth, AND THAT THE CAPITALIST AS SUCH, AS MERE OWNER OF THE INSTRUMENTS OF PRODUCTION, PRODUCES NOTHING.

Despite its exaggerations Hoboff's book is well worth reading. It calls attention forcibly to the medieval conceptions of labor and wealth, and compels us to realize that the spirit and traditions of the church are much less favorable to the current claims and pretensions of wealth and of capitalism than the uninformed reader would be likely to infer from a study of many contemporary Catholic writers. The latter are so preoccupied refuting Socialism and defending the present order, that they go to the opposite extreme, understating the amount of truth in the claims of the Socialists and overstating the rights of property and the advantages of the present system.

They forget that the Catholic teaching on wealth and property is, as Abbe Gasquet has said, COLLECTIVISTIC rather than INDIVIDUALISTIC.—The Rev. Father John Ryan, in *Catholic Fortnightly Review*.

## Study Course in Socialism

(Continued from page 1)

other cause. All commodities are bought and sold with gold (or its representative) and their prices expressed in terms of so much gold. Now the value and price of gold may change, as well as that of anything else. When gold becomes dearer, it appears as a cheapening of everything else; when gold becomes cheaper, it appears as a rise in the prices of all other commodities. Having mentioned this species of price-changes for the sake of clearness, we may now dismiss them from consideration and concentrate our attention on the ordinary course of prices as referred to in the preceding paragraph.

### References:

During the next five weeks each student is urged to read carefully one of the following:

1. Karl Marx, "Value, Price and Profit."
  2. Hyndmann, "The Economics of Capitalism."
- "Value, Price and Profit" was written for the special purpose of disproving the theory that an increase of wages under capitalism would raise an increase in prices.

and therefore would not benefit the workmen. Doing this with his characteristic thoroughness, Marx wrote a little book which, if thoughtfully enough studied, may serve very well as a general manual of economic theory.

### Questions for Review

1. It is often said by advocates and opponents of Socialism (e. g., Herbert Spencer) that its coming is inevitable. Yet Socialists think it necessary to work to bring about its advent. How do you explain this apparent contradiction? In what sense are we to understand the "inevitability" of Socialism?
2. About how old is the capitalist system? About when did it enter the mature stage of machine-industry? In what country did it have its earliest development? In what respect has its development in the United States affected its development in Europe?
3. What do we mean by "production for use" and "production for sale"? Find illustrations of both in American economic life of today.
4. In Washington's time all cloth was woven by hand and many men made a fair living by hand weaving. A man could weave as much cloth per day on a hand loom

# The Social Crisis—A Clarion Call to the Churches of the Country

A Startling Revolutionary Utterance by Washington Gladden, Retiring Moderator of the Congregational Churches of America

(Resume prepared for the Herald by Carl D. Thompson.)

MOST of us have lived through periods which were clearly not critical; when the current of time lapsed gently from decade to decade with hardly a ripple; when there were few complaints or questionings. But such a time is not the present; its movement is swift and tumultuous; our faiths, our philosophies, our social conventions, our political and industrial institutions, are tossed upon its plunging flood. Even as the everlasting hills totter and crumble under the impact of inscrutable subterranean forces, so the political dynasties which deemed themselves secure against all enemies have been rent and driven by powers whose existence they hardly suspected.

Who of us would have predicted, three years ago, that before our re-assembling the greatest despotism the world has ever known would be shattered into fragments? That the whole body politic of the vast empire of Russia would become so thoroughly permeated by

**Democratic and Socialistic Ideas** that no reasonable hope could be entertained of a restoration of the now as could his forefather in the eighteenth century. Why would it be impossible for him to make a living now as a hand weaver?

5. Pick out some branch of machine industry with which you are more or less familiar and try to enumerate all the different kinds of workmen who take part in creating the product of the factory.

### The People's Hour

THE State—what is it, but the answering power. Where cry the wronged, or where mute want moans? Greed can not grasp its high and far dominion. Nor reach again fair Freedom's out-flung pinion. The State is conscience, justice, law unbroken, The Ten Commandments—yea, the eleventh, Christ-spoken.

The State is not a ruling king or kaiser, Nor parliament, nor congress of the wisest. Take the whole bunch of scheming politicians. Add wealth, add privilege, add class traditions. Throw in the courts to seal all deeds of power— And what are these when comes the people's hour?

We are the people, rousing after slumber. We are the working masses—note our number. At last we feel as feels the man and brother. And rush to ranks, intent to help each other. It's the Eternal, equal rights are ours. To mines and mills, to smelt and flowers.

God made the earth—His children, then, shall share it. The workers made all wealth—theirs we declare it. Climb down, you income-takers, midst the workers; Get busy serving, all you soft-palmed shirkers; You plunderers all, respectable and striped; Henceforth it's sweat for every man-like bled.

It's work for all, hence work in reason's measure; Short hours, vacations, culture, travel, pleasure; Machines and power unlimited to labor. And no one scheming to out-trade a neighbor. Creation's law sustained by recreation. And universal, lifelong education. —From the new book of poems, "The People's Hour," by George Howard Gibson.

Endorsements of R. A. Dague's Pamphlet, "What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?"

Hon. D. W. Higbee, attorney-at-law, Creston, Iowa, writes: "I am not a Socialist, but I think your pamphlet, 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' is probably as strong a statement of Socialist doctrines as can be made."

Col. Albert E. Jacob, lawyer, of Tacoma, Wash., writes: "I have never seen Socialist doctrines set forth more tersely, clearly and forcibly than you have stated them in your pamphlet, 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?'"

Ex-Senator J. W. Powell, of Goldfield, Nev., writes: "Send me some more of those pamphlets 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' I want to put them into the hands of the preachers I know. The leaflets are splendid—are unanswerable."

Ex-Senator E. K. Taylor, mayor of Alameda, Cal., Republican, writes: "I have read your very interesting pamphlet, 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' and believe you have stated the case more briefly and more fully than any other author who works I have read on the subject. A great difficulty with Socialism is a widespread ignorance and prejudice concerning it."

Rev. Edward J. Ward, of the board of education of Rochester, N. Y., writes: "Your pamphlet 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' is just what we need. Please send me \$2 worth of copies."

Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

Social-Democratic Publishing Company, 342-344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label



Right Conditions—Free, Satisfactory Shirts

autocracy—who of us could have dreamed?

Less spectacular, but perhaps no less significant, are the portents visible in that great Eastern empire whose civilization, for so many centuries, has been stationary. A people who refused to think of better days to come, who were always looking over their shoulders for the light upon the way before them, and thus forever walking in their own shadow—this people has been roused and stirred as never before in all their history. Nothing more portentous has been seen in history than the ground swell of that great deep of humanity, now for the first time answering to the tidal movements of the universe.

Such are some of the overturnings in other lands, of which, during the past years, we have been witnesses. The world in which such things are going on is not a commonplace world.

But it is not to the things that are taking place on the other side of the world that our attention has been chiefly drawn. Enough has been doing at our doors to keep us wondering. The earthquake that demolished one of our fairest cities was scarcely more dramatic than some of the upheavals that have taken place in the industrial and social order. What we have been witnessing is a new apocalypse—an uncovering of the iniquity of the land.

First came that exposure of the shame of our cities, in which we were forced to see how dreadful are the conditions under which the governments of many of our great municipalities are administered.

The causes which produce these effects are widely operative. Everywhere there are millions of capital

whose business interest is to have weak or bad city government; and what we have seen is the natural consequence of this. The shame of our cities is due to nothing but

## The Commercialization of the Public Conscience

So long as it is the popular belief that it is the chief end of man to make money, we cannot reasonably expect that men in civic office will follow any higher rule. OFFICE WILL BE FOR SUCH MEN A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY. It is the practical philosophy of the mart which has come to RIPENESS and ROTTENNESS in our cities.

In the midst of these exposures of municipal depravity came the astounding discoveries of misdoing in a quarter of which most of us had always believed to be the dwelling-place of fidelity and honor. No shock to the public faith could have been severer than that which was suffered in THE INSURANCE INVESTIGATION.

The PACKING-HOUSE INVESTIGATION which followed, was scarcely less disquieting. That a business on which the life and health of so many millions depend could be managed with such a cynical disregard of human welfare, would have been incredible to most of its three years ago.

The disclosures of the POWERFUL COMBINATIONS BETWEEN RAILWAYS AND BIG SHIPPERS have also brought to light a state of things which may well cause anxiety to every upright citizen. This TITANIC PLUNDER has been proceeding, year by year, in

Utter Contempt of Law and it is one of the chief means by which have been heaped up the

# The Common Good

An "Americanized" Adaptation of Robert Blatchford's Famous "Merrie England"

(Continued from last week.)

The human race cannot afford to exchange its liberty for any possible comfort. But the human race has not got any liberty to exchange. The human race, at least the great majority, are slaves.

But ask yourself, what liberty of choice is left to you. Suppose you are out of work, can you have work for the asking? No. But under Socialism you could always have work. Is that a proof of slavery? Suppose under Socialism you were told that you must work or starve? Would that be any more despotic treatment than the treatment you get now? Tell your present employers that you do not wish to work, and see what the alternative will be. You must work or starve now. The difference between present conditions, and the conditions of Socialism, are that you now work long hours for a bare existence, whereas, in a Socialistic state you would work short hours for a life of honor and comfort.

The Socialistic state would not compel any man to work; it would prevent him from living on the work of others. It would organize the industries, production and distribution of the community, and would then say to the citizen, "If you would enjoy the benefits and share the wealth of this commonwealth, you must also obey the laws and share the labor." Surely that is just. But in no case can it be twisted to mean slavery, for the man who did not like the conditions could refuse them, just as he can now.

But note that other statement of Mr. Ingersoll's: If the government is to provide work it must decide for the worker what he must do.

Must it? Why? At present the capitalist finds work, but he does not decide what we must do. He cannot decide, or he would. So when the state found work it would not decide what each man must do.

You will ask me how a Socialistic state would apportion the work. I ask you how the work is apportioned now.

You have a son, say a lad of fourteen, and wish to put him to a trade. You ask him his choice. He says he would like to be a cabinet-maker. You apply at the shops in your own town and find that trade is bad, or that the allowed number of apprentices is made up. So you get the boy work as an engineer or a painter.

That is to say, your boy can choose his trade subject to the demand for labor of certain kinds. If all the boys wanted to be engineers they could not all get work at that trade.

These conditions would exist under Socialism. The state or the municipality would need a certain number of plumbers and a certain number of painters. If more boys asked to be painters than the state needed to do its painting, some of the boys would have to take other work. Where does the slavery come in?

Robert Ingersoll was considered a very able man, and Herbert Spencer enjoys the reputation of being a great thinker.

What have these famous men been doing with their eyes? How did they contrive to commit the egregious blunder of supposing that men have free choice of occupation, now? How many men do you know, John Smith, who are working at the trade of their choice or living where and how they please?

Let us return to your boy of fourteen. Suppose, instead of choosing to be a cabinet-maker, he said, "I want to be a doctor!" You would laugh at him. Why?

Because it is absurd for a laborer's son to ask to be a doctor. Why? Because it costs a lot of money to become a doctor. And, once more, why? Because a doctor has a great deal to learn, and education is dear.

So, though your son wishes to be a doctor, though he might possess great talent for the work, he must go and be a candlestick-maker instead, for you are too poor to give him his choice.

But under Socialism education would be free. It would be free to all. Therefore the competition for doctorships would be equal. It would not be what it is now—a close thing for the privileged classes. So your boy would have as good a chance as any other.

"Ah," but you will say, "under Socialism all the boys would want to be doctors. And at present all the boys want to be 'gentlemen,' but very few of them get their wish, and many of them have to be beggars or thieves."

Under Socialism any boy who had the industry and talent might qualify himself to get a diploma. Of course, when he had got it, he might not get an appointment as one of the medical men of the town.

But I understand that there are at present a good many doctors with no practice.

There is no greater blunder possible than the blunder of supposing that in this country at the present time every man may follow the work of his choice. It is a ridiculous error.

To read Mr. Bradlaugh, Mr. Ingersoll, and Mr. Spencer, you would think that things are so well ordered now that all kinds of work must fall to the men best fitted to do it.

Writers and painters have to write and paint what they can sell; provided they get a chance to write and paint at all.

Take my own case. Here I am, after being forty-two years a free man in a free country, obliged to confess that I have never yet succeeded in doing the kind of work I have wanted to do.

Turn your eyes to trade. There are two carpet factories in a town. Another man sets up in that trade. What happens? He may be a good man and a clever man; and he may make better carpets than the other firms, but unless he is very rich they will ruin him by selling below cost in order to retain the trade in their own hands.

(Continued next week.)

swollen fortunes which are such a menace to our liberties.

While these rank injustices have been growing and these flagrant inequalities have been accumulating, we have witnessed, with solicitude, a widening of the breach between the wage-workers and the employers of labor. Whether we like it or not, we must recognize a rapidly growing tendency to separate our people into antagonistic classes. The growth of plutocracy, the increasing power of the tremendous aggregations of capital, must foster such antagonisms. Conditions like these have no place in a democracy.

## The Growing Resentment of the Many

WHOSE INDUSTRY IS EXPLOITED FOR THE AGGRANDIZEMENT OF THE FEW IS NOT A MATTER OF WONDER.

We must not imagine that such a REIGN OF GREED AND OPPRESSION as that on which we have been glancing can be permitted without inciting bitterness and hate and social mutiny. Accordingly we have to own that the relations between the people who own the instruments of production and the people who USE them are MORE AND MORE STRAINED; on both sides the battle lines are sharply drawn and the signs of the times are often disquieting.

It is idle, it is fatuous, to hide from ourselves the fact that we are facing, here in the United States of America, a social crisis. The forces which are at work here—the forces whose operations I have been pointing out—mean destruction. The tendencies which have been gathering strength since the civil war—the tendencies to THE ACCUMULATION OF POWER IN THE HANDS OF A FEW; the tendencies to use this power precociously; the tendencies to boundless luxury and extravagance; the tendencies to the separation and the antagonism of social classes—must be arrested and that speedily, or we shall soon be in chaos.

A social order which makes possible the rise of a Harriman or a Rockefeller is a social order which

Cannot Long Endure

These swollen fortunes that many

# THE JUNGLE

BY UPTON SINCLAIR

The book that made the whole civilized world "all up and take notice." It showed the people under what wretched conditions the wage-workers work and how slushy most products are put up. This is the story that has caused Prem. Roosevelt to send a commission to "Pack-Ington," Chicago, and the commission found conditions worse than stated to be by Upton Sinclair.

Cloth, 12mo, 413 pages—REDUCED PRICE...\$1.05 By Mail, Postpaid, \$1.50

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD 342 SIXTH ST., MILWAUKEE

are gloating over are symptoms of disease; they are tumors, wens, goiters; the bigger they are the deadlier. They are not the reward of social service; they are

## The Fruit of Plunder

We have made them possible only by permitting the gate of opportunity to be made narrower and the burden of toil more unrequiting for millions of the poor. They exist only because by our acts we approve or by indifference we consent to monumental injustice.

A SOCIETY WHICH TOLERATES SUCH CONDITIONS CANNOT LIVE.

It is because we have begun to have some dim conception of this truth that we are moving, now, toward the correction, by law, of these grave injustices. We must exterminate them; THAT IS THE FIGHT IN WHICH THERE MUST BE NO FALTERING. If we would not be destroyed, we must DESTROY THE DESTROYERS.

Our democracy must not harbor subtle and cryptic tyrannies, forms of robbery with veils like gossamer that drop on us out of the dark, and entangle us when we are asleep; unpalpable spoliations that drain away our earnings in dribbles and leave us not only poor but ignorant of what has impoverished us.

These are the arts by which swollen fortunes are heaped up in these days, and we are bound to put an end to them.

The least we can do to save this country from destruction is to enforce with all rigor the law which punishes every kind of robbery and extortion, and especially those

Artistic Schemes of Plunder by which our plutocracy has been created.

(Continued on page 4.)

## THE CHRISTIAN SOCIALIST.

The Christian Socialist is unique among Socialist papers because it is both revolutionary and religious, both scientific and ethical in its appeal, and makes its plea particularly strong to religious men. It has won hundreds of ministers and other religious people to Socialism. It is intensely interesting to all classes of people. Many agnostics declare it to be the best propaganda paper in the Socialist movement.

It is entirely non-sectarian and interdenominational, working among people of all creeds. There have been a number of notable special editions, among them a Presbyterian, a Baptist, a Methodist, a Protestant Episcopal, a Temperance and a Catholic Special. You need it yourself and for propaganda. It will bring you several sample copies, see page for the paper a whole year. Address 5623 Drexel avenue, Chicago.

## German Readers

Should Read the Foremost Constructive SOCIALIST Weekly in This Country—

## Die Wahrheit

EDITED BY VICTOR L. BERGER

You can have it for the reduced price of \$1.50 a year. Order it at once. Address 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

TELEPHONE: North, East and West Sides, North 400 South Side, - - - South 363

# UNEMPLOYMENT

A NEW BOOKLET ON THE BIGGEST PROBLEM Written by SENATOR GAYLORD

Senator Gaylord introduced, at the last session of the Wisconsin legislature, a resolution, in the form of a petition to congress, asking for immediate action to relieve the unemployment problem in this country.

Of course, the resolution was killed. The Republicans didn't want to know anything about it, for fear they might "recognize Socialism"—and the Democrats followed suit.

In searching for data on the subject, so as to present the argument as fully as possible, Senator Gaylord found a surprising scarcity of material available on American conditions. He began to start inquiries in every direction, however, and replies began to come in. Meanwhile the Senator was invited to debate the subject of "Unemployment and Socialism as Its Remedy" with John Basil Barnhill. Mr. Barnhill did not know much about unemployment, or Socialism, either, but the debate gave Comrade Gaylord occasion to probe deeper into the question.

Finding such a scarcity of information on the subject, and no Socialist book or pamphlet bearing directly upon it in detail, he decided to give the American comrades the immediate use of what material he had already secured—meanwhile continuing his investigations.

The forty pages of this pamphlet are packed with information, gathered from state and national bureaus of labor, foreign reports, and such facts as could be secured from American labor organizations.

The pamphlet deals with Seasonal Unemployment, Industrial Displacement, The Chronic Unemployed, The Pauper and The Industrial Reserve Army. The returns from Wisconsin are given with special accuracy and completeness.

We have heard much of unemployment, and most of us know what it is to be "out of a job." But this little work sets forth the fact, and the Socialist argument based upon it, with startling clearness.

Single Copy, 10c; 25 copies, \$2.00; 50 copies, \$3.50; 100 copies, \$6.00

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO. 342-344 5th Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

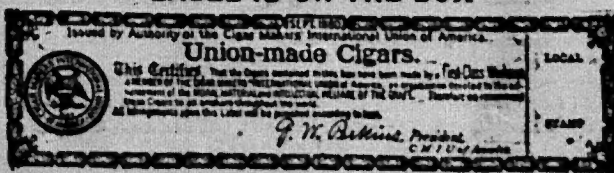
## Insist Upon Having This Stamp On Your Work

PATRONIZE UNION REPAIR SHOPS

Be a unionist in all purchases. Do not confine your purchases to union label shoes alone, but see that a union shoe dresser polishes them with union label shoe polish. Keep your shoes on the union list till you burn them in a union label stove. In order to do this you must, when needed repairs are necessary, have them repaired in a union repair shop. Make it your business to find out if there is a union repair shop in your locality before having your repairing done elsewhere. When the union label is worn from the first sole see that it is replaced with a new sole put on by union shoe repairers.



WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX



IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter



Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter









Every Saturday  
Published by the  
**MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY**  
344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.  
**FREDERIC HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER**  
Editor Associate  
The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.  
Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 26, 1901.

Truly amusing is the current issue of De Leon's *N. Y. People*, with its news about the election. Under a flaring headline, "S. L. P. on Deck!" appears not a line or a figure about that party's showing in the returns, but a few malevolent drives at the Socialist party. And no wonder the *People* could print nothing but a lying headline designed to fool the careless or credulous reader — it had nothing to print! The only way the S. L. P. was "on deck" in the city election was in a shot-to-pieces state. The deck was not even strewn with the remains; there were not enough for strewn purposes.

An election is an embarrassing thing for the S. L. P., for it forces it to come into the light and be counted. And every time it is counted it shows a sad falling off in numbers. Luckily for De Leon, however, his daily paper can stay in the shadows. To run a daily paper without a party, and claim that it exists on party support alone, is a long suit with Mr. De Leon. We challenge the old fox to show that the paper exists on party support alone.

#### Swedish General Strike

Ernest Soderberg, treasurer of the strike committee at Stockholm, Sweden, in acknowledging the receipt of a remittance, extends the thanks of the recipients to the American trade unionists and Socialists for their splendid support and says the fight goes on as bitter as ever and that the prospect of a settlement is far away.

The latest overtures made by the bosses through a government agent have been repudiated by the strikers. However, this action was not taken until a conference was called of representatives of all national and international unions of Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland. The representatives from the other countries unanimously endorsed the stand taken by the strike committee of Sweden and approved of the lines on which the strike is being conducted.

The regular congress of the Socialists of Sweden was to be held in August, but on account of the strike was postponed until October and again postponed until November. It will be held on the 20th of the present month. At this congress little else will be considered but the real class struggle which is now occupying the attention of that nation and the workers' part of which is challenging the admiration of the world.

The American Federation of Labor has recognized the importance of this contest, and its executive council has issued a ringing call for aid in behalf of the Swedish strikers. To date \$4,042.13 has been remitted to Sweden from the na-

## How Socialism "Hurts" the Unions

By Robert Hunter

THE American trade unionists pride themselves on being non-Socialist. The German trade unionists pride themselves on being Socialist.

The American federation has about 1,500,000 members. The German federation has over 1,800,000 members.

The national unions of America in 1908 spent in benefits \$2,144,395. About \$1,300,000 in death benefits; \$93,541 in sick benefits; \$51,000 in traveling benefits; \$205,254 in unemployed benefits, etc.

The German Socialist unions the same year spent about \$10,000,000.

In 1907 \$3,000,000 was spent in strike benefits. In 1908 \$2,000,000 was spent in unemployed benefits; \$2,000,000 more in sick benefits. And that year a \$10,000,000 reserve fund was left over.

Certainly the comparison is not to the disadvantage of the German trade unions.

In addition to the trade unions the German workers have a political party. As a result, the government has been forced to do some things which the unions otherwise would have to do.

Through fear of the Socialist party the great German insurance was established by the government.

Every workman of Germany, therefore, knows that if he meets with an accident that incapacitates him for work, he is going to receive

a pension for the remainder of his life; that if he is killed there is going to be a compensation paid to his wife and children; that if he falls sick he is going to receive compensation also, and finally, when he gets unable to work as a result of old age, that he will then be entitled to a pension.

Every year the government gives pensions to the workers of Germany amounting to over \$100,000,000.

Besides this general insurance, the party, in various places, has forced the municipalities to pension the unemployed, thus taking part of that burden off the trade union movement.

All this has been accomplished by political activity. While the unions of England and America have been putting heavier and heavier burdens upon their members, POLITICAL ACTIVITY in Germany has been putting heavier and heavier burdens on the state.

Nor are these benefits the only ones that have been obtained through political action.

The German trade unions, for instance, can boycott. They are not affected by injunctions. Their funds are not at the mercy of the employers through the interference of the courts.

They have in many places municipal and state labor bureaus.

These bureaus supply jobs to an incredible number of unemployed,

and these bureaus BY LAW are forced to inform workmen whenever a strike is in progress.

Now, it is tiresome to mention these things. One could go on for hours showing how Socialists in Europe are benefiting labor NOW.

The only reason for mentioning these things at all is because men are being sent about this country to tell trade unionists that Socialism hurts the unions.

Mr. Belmont and his friends of Wall street are so afraid that the working class here will build up a powerful Socialist movement and force him and his friends to grant some such reforms, that he is actually employing trade unionists to spread these falsehoods.

Trade unionists and Socialists in Europe are fighting hand in hand. They are practically the same men and they are fighting by votes and by strikes for the amelioration of the condition of the workers.

Socialism will hurt Belmont's influence in the union. Socialism will affect Mr. Belmont's power as a political boss.

Socialism will hurt the Civic Federation, Tammany Hall and Wall Street. But Socialism will not hurt the unions.

When Belmont and his friends of the Civic Federation tell you that Socialism will hurt the unions ask them why, in that case, Belmont doesn't help it along as he did Farley and his strike-breakers.

its existence or she will go down in the ruin which it is sure to bring.

**What We Must Do To Be Saved**  
All the above is from ... Gladden's address.

What then must we do to be saved? Mr. Gladden sees clearly, almost with prophetic vision, the problems and the perils of our times. But what are we to do about it? How are we to proceed? What is the program?

A vast social change is inevitable. The Church must help to create it. But how? What is the method? Here Mr. Gladden's message fails. Here his splendid vision halts. Yet just at this point the Church most needs help and leadership. Just here the whole world needs help.

To see that we are on the wrong road; to see these tremendous social evils; to face the necessity of a change—and not know what to do or which way to take—means confusion, despair.

Here above all we must have light and leadership. And just here, is the great value of Socialism. It offers the program. It points the way; it elaborates the methods.

If Washington Gladden will only

#### UNION MADE PATTERNS



3029

#### LADIES SEMI-PRINCESS DRESS

Paris Pattern No. 3029

All Seams Allowed.

The semi-princess style, made with waist and skirt attached under a belt of the material, are among the most favored of the season's modes. The design shown is simplicity itself and may be readily put together. The square-neck is filled in by a removable chemise, and variety may be had by having several of different materials. The pattern is in 6 sizes, 32 to 42 inches, bust measure. For 36-inch bust the dress will require 10 1/2 yards of 34-inch material, 6 1/2 yards 27-inch, 6 1/2 yards 24-inch, 5 1/2 yards 21-inch, 4 1/2 yards 18-inch, with 1/2 yard of all-over lace 18 inches wide and 1 1/2 yards edging. Width of lower edge in medium size about 6 1/2 yards.

Price of pattern, 10 cents.

**PARIS MODES** — an authority on fashions—a woman's magazine of exceptional beauty and interest—72 to 80 pages each month. Beautiful colored covers — handsomely illustrated throughout — printed on high grade book paper. Describes and illustrates the latest Paris fashions. Its timely articles and excellent short and serial stories are of interest to every member of the family. Its departments devoted to all subjects of interest and importance to women—in the home, on the farm, in the office—are edited by a corps of experts in the subjects treated. These timely articles from month to month are invaluable as a Household Reference Library.

Regular subscription price, 50 cents a year.

With Social-Democratic Herald — National Edition—both one year, 50c. With local eight-page edition, both one year \$1; cash in advance to accompany all orders.

**SPECIAL OFFER.** Our Fall and Winter Catalogue containing over 1000 of the very latest designs (Union Made), 100 pages, is now ready for mailing and will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents to cover the actual cost of mailing and handling. Don't delay but send in your order NOW.

FOR SALE BY  
Social-Democratic Publishing Co.,  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## Our Women's Circle

Conducted by Elizabeth H. Thomas, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

#### True Women Socialists

Another good answer to the old question, What can women do for the Socialist cause? was given last Sunday by the West Side Women's Social-Democratic Club of Milwaukee.

These true and tried comrades have been worrying over our campaign debt. But they did not sit and fret with folded hands. They organized an entertainment for raising funds for clearing off part of the deficit.

Of course, it is needless to say that anything undertaken by our West Side Social-Democratic women proves a success. They gave us a good musical program, and better still, a fine speech from Comrade George Goebel, national organizer, who called forth alternately laughter and tears. And they cleared a goodly sum for the campaign fund.

Here's to the Social-Democratic women of Milwaukee! Would they were multiplied by 100,000!

#### The White Slave Trade

WHAT human beings must suffer, shall we be too fastidious to hear? What our brother or our sister must bear—is that too much, even when recited, for our delicate nerves?

We women have too long timidly closed our eyes to the facts of the white slave trade—that awful traffic which transcends in horror the African slave trade at its worst period, before the laws of the United States declared it piracy and made it punishable with death.

And yet, who have the deepest interest in the abolition of this most terrible form of human slavery? Who more than women, and especially the women of the working class?

For investigations made by benevolent societies and by the United States government show that the victims of this modern piracy are the daughters of the working people, and, as a rule, young working girls.

And while women may shrink from the hideous details of this

history, there are two facts they should know. First, these investigations show that the white slaves are usually LITTLE slaves, mere children, when first these unbreakable fetters are fastened upon them. Second, that the average life of these young slaves is not above five years. This means that as fast as these poor victims perish—and with what untold sufferings, who can know?—tens of thousands of other NEW victims yearly must take their place.

That means again that tens of thousands of working class homes are annually invaded to secure this dreadful tribute.

The question, then, is a working class question. It is an ECONOMIC question. Why is not this tribute collected from the homes of the rich and the well-to-do? Clearly, for economic reasons.

And so the benevolent and religious people who are advising various remedies for this great evil, will SURELY FAIL, unless they seek the underlying cause, the economic cause, and remove the root from which springs all this poisonous growth.

It is the profit system which causes the salacious evil.

It is the profit system which employs child labor.

And it is the profit system which is the parent of this yet greater wrong—this worst of all wrongs of our age—the great white slave trade.

So long as the profit system lasts, the exploiter, in one form or another, will suck the life of the working class. Only the emancipation of the entire working class can save its daughters.

And this is yet another reason why every pure-hearted woman, why every mother of a little daughter, why every woman who wants to make the world cleaner and better, should work with all her heart and soul for the cause of Socialism.

For it is the Social-Democracy which will free the working class and save the workingman's home. And that is why no mother can be a REALLY GOOD MOTHER unless she is also a GOOD SOCIALIST.

## The Social Crisis

(Continued from page 2.)

What our social order most needs is not more and better laws, nor a more rigorous enforcement of law; it needs to be permeated by A BETTER MORALITY; to have its whole conception of the meaning and purpose of life revolutionized. The trouble with this social order of ours is not a matter of form and methods; its ruling ideas are wrong ideas. Ever since we got rid of absolutism and feudalism we have been trying to build our civilization on the basis of moral individualism. Self-interest has been recognized as the regulative principle of the social organism. All our laws, all our civic and industrial organizations, have been based on this principle.

We have had, now, a few generations of democracy, long enough to test the operation of this principle. The phenomena upon which we have been looking give us the result. Here, on this broad continent, with every vestige of political privilege swept away, under a pure democracy, such social conditions as those which we have been considering have been developed. Inequalities of the most glaring sort, oppressions that are continental in their reach.

A RACIAL PLUNDERER MORE POWERFUL AND MORE CUNNING THAN EVER BEFORE APPEARED IN HISTORY.

With great LAWYERS to aid them in their PREDATORY SCHEMES; A REIGN OF DEBILITATING LUXURY that would put to the blush the Romans of the decadence, and, as the fruit of the tree, misery and poverty at the other end of the social scale, and, finally, class hatreds steadily deepening and threatening revolution—this is the logical, natural, inevitable outcome of the moral individualism on which we have been trying to build society. Instead of it being true that democracy will transfigure egoism, we have found that no form of society can march hellward faster than a democracy under the banner of

Unbridled individualism.

That, past all doubt, is the way we have been going. That, and nothing else, has precipitated the social crisis which we are confronting.

You will hear a great many other explanations of it, but they are all superficial; the bottom trouble with it all is that WE HAVE BEEN TRYING TO FOUND A SOCIAL ORDER ON SELFISHNESS.

The world to be spoken to this industrial and social order of ours is the word that John the Baptist spoke, and that Jesus caught from his lips and repeated:

"Repent! Change your minds! Your idea of what life means is fundamentally wrong. You are building your whole civilization on a false basis. You imagine that human beings can live together usefully and happily when every man lives for himself. You cannot live together in that way. You will simply devour one another. The weak will always be the prey of the strong. You will have a life of confusion, misery as your perpetual portion."

"You were made to share in one another's good; to be helpers, one of another; not to strive and fight, but to co-operate. It is not that you are to neglect your own interests in promoting your neighbors'; simply to identify yourselves in interest with your neighbors; to love your neighbors, not better than yourselves, but AS yourselves. This law of good will, which is simply the law of justice, nothing more, will bring peace and welfare to all."

Such was the challenge of Jesus Christ to the social order which he found existing, which was, in his fundamental principles, the same social order that exists today, the same social order out of which have grown our ROTTEN CITIES and our INSURANCE PYRAMIDS, and our REBATE ROBBERIES and our MEAT TRUSTS and our LABOR WARS. He condemned it as radically wrong; he called for its reconstruction upon a ruling idea which would CHANGE THE DIRECTION OF HUMAN CONDUCT.

The truth which Jesus always made central in his teachings HAS NEVER YET BEEN MADE CENTRAL IN THE TEACHING AND THE LIFE OF HIS CHURCH. To the vast majority of modern Christians the main business of religion is to keep people out of contact with the life of this world, and so get them safely away from it when they die.

What has the Christian Church been doing while these powers of piracy and plunder have been gathering their forces and spreading their nets and heaping up their spoils? Where was the Christian Church when the graft-

ers were ravaging the cities and the rebate robbers and the fire and insurance sharks were getting in their work FOR THE MOST PART SHE HAS BEEN STANDING BY AND LOOKING ON, WINKING HER EYE AND TWIDDLING HER THUMBS, and wondering whether she had any call to interfere.

The prophets of old had no such embarrassment in defining their function. Here and there a prophetic voice has been heard in our own time, but against these monumental injustices with which the nation is now in a life and death grapple, the Church

## SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD...Business Dep't

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS, MONEY ORDERS, ETC., TO  
**MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY**  
Telephone Grand 2884. Private Telephone 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
H. W. BISTORIUS, Business Mgr.  
Office Hours:—8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays 9 A. M. to 12 Noon.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
National Edition, 4 pages—One year, 50 cents; six months, 25 cents.  
No paper sent to anyone unless paid in advance.  
Wisconsin Edition (including Milwaukee) 8 pages—One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents.  
If, without having subscribed, you receive it, then it has been subscribed and paid for by a friend. Foreign subscriptions, 4 pages, \$1.50, 8 pages, \$1.50.

**BUNDLE RATES.**  
NATIONAL EDITION—4 Pages.  
100 copies or more, per hundred ..... \$ .75  
1000 copies or more, per thousand ..... \$ 7.50  
WISCONSIN EDITION—8 Pages.  
100 copies or more, per hundred ..... 1.00  
1000 copies or more, per thousand ..... 7.50  
1000 copies or more, per thousand (in Milwaukee, only if called for) .. 6.00

**WEEKLY BUNDLES.**  
5 pages  
Five copies, 3 months, to one address ..... \$ .50  
Ten copies, 3 months, to one address ..... .75  
Five copies, one year, to one address ..... 1.75  
Ten copies, one year, to one address ..... 3.00

ADVERTISING RATES furnished on application. We reserve the right to terminate any advertising contract without notice.

Receipts for remittances on subscriptions received from outside the city of Milwaukee are acknowledged by the NUMBER ON THE WRAPPER. To these separate receipts are never sent.

## The Builders' Column

#### "Making Good"

Who said "Better late than never?" That may be all right in its place, but it is absolutely out of place in the subscription world. We need the subscriptions now, while the undertow isn't so great, so we better change our call to: "Better early than too late. What do you say?"

Our local comrade, Elsner, managed to find his way into the innermost channels of two professional friends of his and convinced them of the fact that the HERALD put light on all matters. He thereby made use of two sub cards.

We find Comrade Sherman of District of Columbia, in line once more with Bell, of New York, Cory, of Washington, and Harkness, of Pennsylvania, all firing their subscription cards right and left and then roping in a big noose full of subscribers to the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

Lofthus & Evenson, of North Dakota, came in on the same sheet with their renewal to the HERALD for one year each.

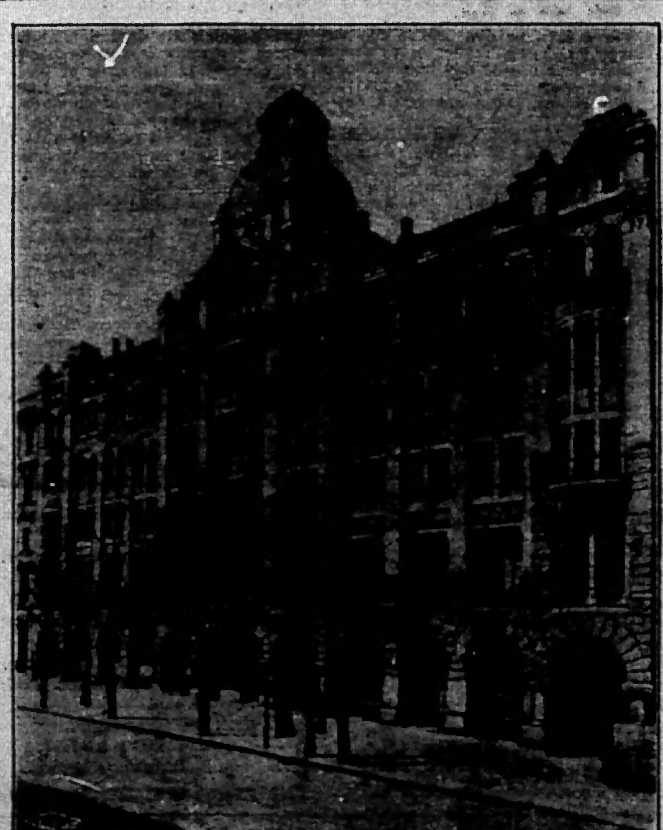
Say, fellows, how about you falling in line on a club order for a year's subscription to the HERALD? A club of four to the national edition, \$1.25. A club of

add to this "charge to the churches," to this clear, commanding call, a constructive method of social, industrial and civic procedure, then his message will be the supreme word of the hour. This word is lacking. It is lacking in every message of this sort that is given to the church. It is lacking in all our reform literature and reform movements. And it is just this that

Four copies of "Socialism Made Plain" and the HERALD for one year to Dr. Cameron, of Ohio. A good book to make converts, that "Socialism Made Plain."

Socialism supplies. It is the program; it is the method; it is the way out. And to every reader of this article who wishes to know more of its principles and its program, and will write us, we will furnish free at least one pamphlet that will make clear this phase of the subject. Address Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wis.

## Homes of Labor the World Around



7—Leipzig Volkhaus.

**DO YOU BELIEVE IN FAIRIES?** It takes at least a hundred dollars to buy a fairly complete Socialist Library. You may often have wished for one, both for your own reading and for your neighbors to whom you would like to lend books.

**SUPPOSE A FAIRY WERE TO SAY:** "Start in to buy a Socialist Library, and I will help you. Just spend two dollars for the books you want today. Before you have finished reading the books, I will put the two dollars back in your pocket to spend for more books, and so on, and so on, and so on—until you have a hundred dollar library."

**IT'S A TRUE FAIRY STORY** The Fairy is the International Socialist Review. We are making such a big success of the Review that we can afford what a short time ago would have been impossible for us. What we can and will do for you is that if you send \$2.00 we will mail you any book, or books published by us to the amount of \$2.00 at list price, and will also send you two Review Subscription Cards, each good for the Review one year to a new name. You can easily sell these cards for a dollar each; then you can do the same thing, again, and again, and so on to the end of the chapter.

**A PACKAGE OF REVIEWS** will be sent you postpaid, free of charge, if you write that you want to use them in taking subscriptions. And a book list will be mailed free if you ask for it.

CHARLES H. KERR & COMPANY, 124 Kinzie St., Chicago.

**GLOBE HOTEL**  
Wisconsin and Cass Sts.  
Milwaukee—1 block from North-Western depot. Recently remodeled—modern conveniences. EUROPEAN plan. Rates, 75c per day and upward. GLOBE HOTEL CO., Proprietors. The Swoboda Trust. BEN SCHERER, Mgr.

Conditions Are Not What They Should Be—a Change Is Needed

## SOCIALISM—MADE PLAIN

(BY ALLEN L. BENSON)

will help you hasten the process of making a Socialist of your neighbor. Hand him a copy. Try it, make the experiment, and notice results. Remember, you will have to build UP.

Price Only 15c

25 Copies, \$2.75

50 Copies, \$5.00

Social-Democratic Publishing Co.  
343-344 Sixth Street  
Milwaukee, Wis.



## Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST.  
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742



Meetings on 1st and 3d Wednesdays (8 P.M.), Free!  
Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State.

**OFFICERS:**  
Corresponding Secretary—JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St.  
Recording Secretary—FREDERICK REICHERT, 318 State St.  
Business Agent—FRANK J. WEBER, 218 State St.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD:**—William Griebling, Walter S. Fisher, John J. Handley, William Coleman, James Sheehan, John Kader, Edward Besenberger.

**LABEL SECTION:**—Meetings 2d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. Chairman: Anton Miller, V. C. J. Brophy, Treas.: J. Reicherth, Sec.: BUILDING TRADES SECTION—Meetings 2d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318 State St. Cor. Sec.: John Schwegler, 125 Fifteenth St. Fin. Sec.: Henry Hempel, 318 State St. Business Agent: Wm. Griebling, 318 State St. (Chartered by A. F. of L. R. T. Dept.)

**THE UNION LABEL** continues to stand for "A Nobler Manhood, a More Beautiful Womanhood and a Happier Childhood." The courts have not yet taken from us the right to employ this means to the end—labor's freedom. While we may, let us **USE ITS POWER**

## Union Barber Shops

Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

**FRED. GROSSE**  
FINE LINE OF UNION CIGARETTES  
577 E. Water St.  
Shaving Parlor

**J. N. GAUER**  
SHAVING PARLOR  
605 KINNICKINNICK AVENUE  
Opposite South Bay St.

**H. KUHN'S BARBER SHOP**  
452 REED STREET, Corner Scott

**Kinsella & Jorns**  
Shaving Parlor  
227 1/2 Howell Ave.

**LOUIS JUNGMANN BARBER SHOP**  
825 Ninth St.

**H. C. MUNDT SHAVING PARLOR**  
100 LLOYD ST.  
Fine Line of Union Cigars

**ST. CHARLES HOTEL**  
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms  
EMIL TRIEB, Proprietor

**A. W. STREHLow**  
Plain and Decorative  
Painting, Paperhanging  
and Gilding  
Graining and Hardwood  
Finishing, Etc., Etc.  
1193 Teutonia Avenue  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**UNION MADE**  
Gerhard Suspenders  
Every Pair Guaranteed  
For 1 Year, Best Work  
Jerman's Suspenders Made. Ask Your  
Dealer for Gerhard Suspenders.  
907 THIRD STREET

**MIES**  
UNION TAILOR  
875 Kinnickinnick Ave. 875  
(Near South Bay St.)  
Phone South 2880

**The Strauss-Peterson Engraving Co. makes quality cuts**

**R. JESKE & BRO.**  
The TINNERS  
All Orders Given  
Galvanized Iron Works  
Prompts Attention  
Fireproof Windows  
111-113 RESERVOIR AVENUE

**ALB. ROLOFF'S**  
Saloon and Bowling Alleys  
Sample Room  
Phone Connection 636 PEARL ST.

**Chicago House**  
OTTO GROSSE, Prop.  
524-526 East Water Street  
14 Block North of City Hall  
BLATZ WINNER BEER ON TAP

**J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR**  
Telephone South 310  
1072 KINNICKINNICK AVENUE

**OLIPHANT & YOUNG**  
PATENTS  
137 Wisconsin St.  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**FRANK KORSCH**  
Saloon and Shaving Hall  
603 GREENFIELD AVENUE

**F. TEWS SYSTEM, CHANG FISH**  
503 EAST WISCONSIN ST.

TRY A BOTTLE OF  
**VAN ELLS**  
SYRUP OF WHITE  
PINE AND TAR  
Guaranteed for Coughs and Colds  
YOUR DRUGGIST  
**A. J. Van Ellis**  
Cor. Green Bay Ave. and  
Port Washington Road

**NEW METHOD**  
**LAUNDRY**  
AND  
**TOWEL SUPPLY**  
PHONE 1480 GRAND  
617 STATE ST.

**HERMANN ROLLFINK**  
Saloon and Restaurant  
Free Hot and Cold Lunch  
All Day and Night  
PABST BEER ON TAP  
Telephone Grand 1480  
215 THIRD STREET 215

**UNION HAT CO.**  
THE BEST  
\$2 Two and Three  
Dollar Hats \$3  
All Union Made  
224 GRAND AVE.

**EAGLE BLUEING**  
EAGLE AMMONIA  
Saves labor for you; and not only does it save work, but it makes your clothes cleaner & whiter than ever.  
ASK YOUR GROCER

**CUCUMBER REAMURES HAPPED**  
Hands and Face  
To Be Had of  
**J. G. Mueller**  
DRUGGIST  
Eleventh and Greenfield Aves.

**I ADVERTISE SMALL WHY**  
LUDWIG BERG 173 N. 1st St.

**NEW STORE AT 624 THIRD ST.**  
530 East Water Street

**PINSEL'S UNION MADE**  
GENTS' FURNISHINGS  
and SHOES for the whole family  
450 MITCHELL STREET

**GOETHEL & RODEN**  
Tin, Zinc, Galvanized  
Iron and Copper Work  
JANING and REPAIRING  
Promptly and Cheaply Given.  
117 STAMORE ST.  
Phone Grand 1071

**Socialist Literature for Sale**  
"Worker Journal", "New York",  
etc. Also English or German  
Pamphlets, etc.  
JACOB MENDEL 1915 Calumet St.

**FOR A PAIR OF**  
**Good Shoes**  
ALWAYS GO TO  
**John Peter**  
487 ELEVENTH AVE.

## Gompers at Toronto

"We must have the right to freely speak and print the wrongs that need resistance and the cause that needs assistance."

"I repeat and emphasize this fact, that the doctrine that the citizen must yield obedience to every order of the court, notwithstanding that order transcends inherent, natural human rights guaranteed by the constitution of our country, is vicious and repugnant to liberty and human freedom, and that it is the duty, the imperative duty, to protest."

"The history of the human race has been full of tyranny and the denial to the people of the right of expressing freely by speech or in the press their opinions. After our people established a government they recalled that they had omitted to safeguard this valid right in framing our constitution. There-

fore, the first amendment to that constitution was that guaranteeing the right of freedom of speech and press."

"When a judge so far transcends his authority and assumes functions entirely beyond his power and jurisdiction, when a judge will set himself up as the highest authority in the land, invading constitutionally guaranteed rights of citizens, when a judge will go so far in opinion, decision and action, that even judges of the court of appeals have felt called upon to characterize his action 'unwarranted and foolish,' under such circumstances it is the duty of the citizen to refuse obedience and to take whatever consequences may ensue."

"It is common knowledge that a judge has issued an injunction against municipal officers enjoining them from performing their duties in the enactment of laws. Assume

that a judge will so far forget himself as to issue an injunction prohibiting a legislature, or congress itself, from enacting laws. Will it be contended that obedience must follow? Let a judge issue an injunction enjoining the president of the United States from performing the duties of his office. Does it follow that the chief executive of our nation must yield obedience and perhaps thereby fail to perform the duties of his great office, to the injury of the people of the country? "We know that the people of our country and the labor movement will be found united in patriotic protest against any curtailment of the liberties for which our forefathers struggled in order that we might be free."

"We have come too far in the march of human progress for any set of influences to drive us back into slavery."

## The Strike on the Lakes

There is keen vexation and gnashing of teeth among the members of the Lake Carriers' Association—the shipowners of the Great Lakes' section of this country—for, lo! the ten thousand strikers of the International Seamen's Union of America, who went out in May last, show no signs at this date of weakening, though it was confidently predicted by the bosses that the strike would be over before June 1.

Tricks new and old have been tried to "bust" this powerful union, which is connected with all the maritime unions of the world, and also with the American Federation of Labor. A few of these tricks were the instituting of the "open shop"—"closed to union men," the importation of strike-breakers from foreign countries, and the so-called "welfare" plan, and which V. A. Olander, of Chicago, chairman of the district grievance committee of the International Seamen's union, characterizes thus:

"Its purposes are to make it dangerous for any seamen to voice a grievance, to ask for redress, or to resent ill-treatment, upon penalty of being exiled from the lakes. The plan is the most rigid blacklist system I have ever known. While modeled upon the general line of the notorious Shipping Federation of England, it is infinitely more dangerous to shipping."

"The Lake Carriers' so-called 'welfare' plan, or espionage system, is contrived automatically to press downward."

But such practices have not availed the Lake Carriers one jot. Strikebreakers come hopeful and go away disgusted; while those who remain are for the most part inexperienced. Result: Numerous accidents, clogging of freight, and

## Organized Labor



steamships representing some \$30,000,000 of invested capital lying idle at the docks, unable to secure crews.

The strikers are confident of victory. They can not, they say, work under such conditions of "open shop," undermining of ships, long hours and short pay, etc. And as a warning to all workmen who may be misled by agents of the Lake Carriers, or, misinformed by reports of the Capitalistic press, circulars are being sent broadcast telling the true state of affairs.

A report from the headquarters of the International Seamen's union in Boston, is to the effect that a vote at a recent meeting on the assessment for the benefit of the strikers of the Great Lakes district was practically carried unanimously. —Machinists' Monthly Journal.

**Socialists Stand True**  
It is generally conceded by even the most rabid anti-socialists that Messrs. Hawthornthwaite, Williams and McInnis have faithfully represented the working class during the several terms they have been in the Provincial House and, if trade unionists were

## Some Pointers Which Each Citizen Should Know

It often happens that a public official is criticized for certain things which rightfully do not belong to him and with which he has nothing to do. This among other things, has often been the case with a ward alderman or a ward supervisor. Among the many things, we mention the following, and suggest that the citizens who have complaints to make, offer them to the proper parties where they belong.

First. The removing of ashes from each premises or the removing of garbage, does not properly belong to the ward foreman, but such complaints may be called to the alderman's attention and he may forward said complaint to the proper departments, if he so sees fit.

When your ashes are not properly removed, either drop a postal card or ring up the board of public works, City hall. If your garbage is not properly removed, either drop a postal card or by telephone the health department, and it is their duty to see to it that the request is met with. Streets not properly sprinkled should also be called to the attention of the board of public works.

The duty of an alderman is to see to it that improvements necessary in the ward are properly introduced in the common council. Also to keep in touch with all important measures pending in the common council and to see that the needs of the people in his district are properly looked after, as far as possible.

However, as a rule, a ward alderman will receive complaints and criticism for everything that goes wrong in his district, whether he be responsible for it or not. And, as a rule, he receives complaints cheerfully and refers them to the different departments where they rightfully belong. A good many times, if these complaints were sent direct to the departments where they belong, time could be saved and likewise annoyance.

The duties of a ward supervisor have also to be eliminated to no

small extent and today practically the great bulk of the work is shifted upon the trustees, who are so far distant from the people in the various districts, that scarcely a man or woman who is in need knows where to find them. Consequently, it would be wise for those in need, to get the necessary information first from their supervisor in their district, whose duty it is to receive all these complaints, and to forward them to the proper persons having charge of this work.

**WATCH REPAIRING**  
STRICTLY HONEST PRICES FOR GOOD AND RELIABLE WORK ONLY  
**THEO. SCHELLE**  
318 West Water Street

**WANTED**  
To hear from prospective Tenants for our proposed new store, Sixth and Chestnut Streets, to be built about 40x60 feet in size, in the new Labor Temple. Excellent location for Gents' Clothing and Furnishing Goods Store.  
**PEOPLE'S REALTY CO.**  
344 SIXTH ST. MILWAUKEE

**Coal**  
Every family needs fuel, and this is the place to order it.  
Every family wants good fuel for their money, I can furnish same without a doubt.  
All the orders are delivered by Union Teamsters  
If not convenient to call in person send order by mail  
Order now and insure immediate delivery to your home before the wintery snow flies  
**H. W. Bistorina**  
Social-Democratic Herald Office  
344 SIXTH STREET

**Wood**  
Every family needs fuel, and this is the place to order it.  
Every family wants good fuel for their money, I can furnish same without a doubt.  
All the orders are delivered by Union Teamsters  
If not convenient to call in person send order by mail  
Order now and insure immediate delivery to your home before the wintery snow flies  
**WM. WIGDER**  
485 W. 1st St. 9135 - e. w. w. w.

## WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

**GENERAL OFFICERS**  
FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
FRED K. BROCKHAUSEN, Sec. - Treas., 107 Orchard St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
**EXECUTIVE BOARD**  
FRANK METCALFE, 647 Dover St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
PAUL LUETTICH, 1111 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
WILLIAM KAUFMANN, 708 Pearl St., Kenosha, Wis.  
HARRY SCHIDMORE, 823 Chandler St., Madison, Wis.  
R. D. BONNAMY, 1118 Madison St., Eau Claire, Wis.

**UNFAIR—WAS IT?**  
The United States Supreme Court has construed the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as including LABOR UNIONS. Complying with the terms of the decision, the "Unfair List" here before appearing here has been removed. IT'S UP TO YOU!  
**Wage Earners Wake Up!**  
Join the Union of your craft and the party of your class—always demand the UNION LABEL and Shop CARD—cast your ballot for emancipation from wage slavery.

**Boys Wanted**  
Newsboys to sell the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD on down-town streets. Will pay no less than 50 cents a day and one-half of sales in addition. Good chance for live boys to make no less than \$1.50 on Saturdays. Let us hear from you. Ask for Mr. Bistorina, this office.

**Get Married**  
There's Nothing Like It  
And WHEN you get married let us print your wedding invitations - - -  
We Simply Dote on Helping Along the Good Cause  
"NAME THE DAY" and call on us  
**THE CO-OPERATIVE**  
342-344 SIXTH ST. PRINTERY MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

**Boys' Overcoats**  
Brand New Line  
Special \$5 Coats  
At \$3.50 and \$3.75  
**B. Strnad**  
DRY GOODS and FURNISHINGS  
963 KINNICKINNICK AVE.

**Prescriptions**  
Purity and accuracy in prescriptions is our motto. We are just as skilled in compounding prescriptions as the best doctors are skilled in writing them. Ask your doctor.  
**Wenzel & Mueller**  
Drug Co. Howell Ave. and Clarence

**PLAUM CLOTHING CO.**  
Clothing, Hatters Men's Furnishings  
We Carry a Large Line of  
**Union-Made Clothing**  
HATS and FURNISHINGS  
**Merchant Tailoring**  
491-493 ELEVENTH AVENUE

**H. W. BLAESING**  
Union Shoes  
967 KINNICKINNICK AVE.-967

**Borchardt Bros.**  
TAILORS  
311 Gents' Furnishings  
347-349 GROVE ST.

**Spaich Stove Repair Company**  
Stove and Furnace Repairs  
Store and Office: 130-132 West Water Street, Milwaukee, Wis.  
Foundry: 719-720 Hanover Street Telephone: Grand 1818  
We Deliver to Any Part of the City  
**CHAS. A. LAFEY**  
Teacher of Violin  
600 Ninth St. Milwaukee

**LAWYER**  
**DANIEL W. HOAN**  
600-2 Campbell Street Phone Grand 121  
**WM. WIGDER**  
485 W. 1st St. 9135 - e. w. w. w.

**TEETH**  
EXTRACTED  
ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR HARM  
**NEW TEETH**—the best and most natural in the world. \$8.00 and up. Guaranteed to Fit, or Money Refunded. Standard Crowns and Bridge Teeth. \$5.00 UP  
FIRE FILLINGS A LEADING SPECIALTY  
We guarantee complete satisfaction. Give honest intelligence as to the value, cost, and desirability of the work. We do not, and decide nobody.  
**DR. YOUNG**  
414-416 Germania Bldg., Milwaukee  
HOURS—8:30 to 2:00; Sundays, 9 to 12. Phone Grand 1364.

**W.J. BUSCHER**  
Architect and Builder  
Residence: 950 Ellis Street  
Telephone Connection

**The West Side Haberdashery Geo. Seiberlich Prop.**  
Hatters and Gents' Furnishings  
1513 Vliet St.

**ELGIN SHIRTS** UNION MADE  
**SCHLEIGER-SCHULZ CO.**  
HATTERS, FURNISHERS  
1301 Vliet St.

**Reinhardt**  
ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED  
216 GRAND AVE.  
**HENRY F. SCHMIDT**  
561 SALOON  
Marquette Avenue

**Smoke Tampanola**  
10c CIGAR  
MANUFACTURED BY Herm. Buech  
875 16th Ave. Phone South 2320  
**THE HOME TEA CO.**  
383 Grove St., Milwaukee  
A Full Line of Groceries  
VORHITZ & KUMMER, Proprietors  
Lowest Prices

**JOHN LUELL**  
MANUFACTURER OF FINE CIGARS  
667 GREENFIELD AVE., MILWAUKEE  
MY BRANDS: 100-Scintilla de Cuba—City League—Golden Harvest—Lone Star—No. 25

**KOESTER & LIEBSCHER**  
West Side Bottle House  
"HISTORIC" BOTTLES  
WINES and LIQUORS SOLD AT WHOLESALE PRICES  
P. O. 2790 300 Chestnut St.

**ADOLPH HEUMANN**  
271 THIRD STREET  
**Sample Room and Bottle House**  
Phone Grand 908  
**A. W. HAAS**  
Fresh and Salt Meats  
Poultry & Game in Season  
211 HOWELL AVENUE 211  
**C. D. WAUGH**  
JEWELRY, OPTICIAN  
320 GRAND AVE.  
When You CAN'T SEE With SNE WAUGH

**EVERY VOTH UNDERTAKER**  
Open Day and Night  
J. J. VOTH, ASSISTANT  
Phone So. 79  
425 Grove St.  
**E. BACHMANN**  
Jeweler and Optician  
811 Third Street—Near North Ave.



### Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melms, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

A. M. LEWIS. Quite a number of comrades are already hustling for a successful lecture for Comrade Arthur M. Lewis, which will take place here on the 16th of this month at the Freie Gemeinde hall, 260 Fourth st. Upon this lecture will hinge the possibility of securing other lecturers, such as Comrades Kirkpatrick, J. Stut Wilson and others. There is one thing that we want to impress upon the minds of those that are going to attend the lecture and that is, Comrade Lewis urgently requests them to be in their seats at the hour stated for the lecture, namely 8 p. m. As it is impossible for any one to deliver a lecture when there is a noise in any part of the hall and the comrades and those attending will please bear this in mind.

THE WEST SIDE SOCIALIST WOMEN'S CLUB held a very successful entertainment and ball at the Freie Gemeinde hall, last Sunday afternoon and evening.

THE SOUTH SIDE SOCIALIST WOMEN'S BRANCH holds its



The best present is something for the home. The best home present is a Phonograph, because it pleases everybody.

### Geo. H. Eichholz

1340 1342 Fond du Lac Ave.

### Machines \$1.00 a week

### SAVE A DOLLAR

BUY YOUR SHOES HERE

HOME OF THE BEST SHOES

FOR MEN

Meier & Sons

MAIN STORE CRAWFORD BLOCK

195-197 West Water Street  
Branch Store, 208 Grand Avenue

Here is something of interest to you

### MR. WORKINGMAN

You haven't got money to burn—every cent counts with you. Now, we are going to talk shoes to you, and if you'll listen to us you

"SAVE A DOLLAR"

We will sell you a pair of good, substantial, solid leather, Union-Made Workingmen's Shoes, worth every cent of \$3.50, better shoes than other dealers sell at this price, FOR ONLY

Complete line Boys' and Little Men's School Shoes, pair \$1.75 & \$1.90

### Meier & Sons Shoe COMPANY

### LOUIS A. MANZ THE JEWELER

Fine Assortment of

Watches, Clocks, Diamonds, Rings, Lockets, Etc.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

2918 VLIET STREET

### Garland Stoves My Leading Line

### Ranges and Heaters

A Fine Large Stock and Many Styles from Which to Make a Selection

### Mechanics' Tools

Washing Machines Guns and Ammunition

A GENERAL LINE OF HARDWARE

1117 Vliet St. **Louis Weiss**

PHONE GRAND 813

### SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY

Open Day and Night  
Phone Main 8738

Our Carriages Are All New  
Bested in Cold Weather

NONE BUT UNION  
DRIVERS ARE EMPLOYED

539 Market St.

Best Carriages for Funerals or Weddings

### \$3.00

schafskopf. Admission 15 cents, sociable will follow at Meier's hall, cor. Mitchell st. and Muskego ave.

Nov. 28—Fourth Ward Branch, prize schafskopf tournament and dance, at Schultz' hall, corner Eleventh and Rogers street.

Dec. 4—Twenty-first Ward Branch, their sixth annual ball, at the Bahn Frei Turn hall, Twelfth street and North avenue.

Dec. 5—Vorwaerts Singing society, afternoon entertainment and ball, Bohemian hall, Twelfth street.

Dec. 5—S. S. Maenncheror "Aurore," entertainment and ball, at the South Side Turn hall. Admission, to cents, after 6 o'clock 25 cents.

Dec. 12—Twenty-second Ward Branch, schafskopf tournament, Waedek's hall, 2714 North avenue. Admission, 50 cents, including refreshments.

Dec. 19—Sunday afternoon, schafskopf tournament, Twentieth Ward Branch, Harriman's hall, Teutonia ave. and Clarke st.

Jan. 15—Twentieth Ward, S. D. P. monster market carnival at the Bahn Frei Turn hall, Twelfth street and North avenue.

### BRANCH MEETINGS NEXT WEEK.

The following branch meetings will be held next week in Milwaukee county:

**MONDAY.**

Tenth Ward Branch, Spangenberg's hall, corner Twelfth street and North avenue.

**TUESDAY.**

South Side Women's Branch, Korsch's hall, 651 Greenfield avenue.

**WEDNESDAY.**

Town of Lake No. 2, Oklahoma and Chicago avenues.

**THURSDAY.**

Fifth Ward Branch, Socialist Home, 382 Washington street.

Ninth Ward Branch, 467 Eleventh street.

Eighteenth Ward Branch, 490 Cramer street.

Layton Park Branch, 987, Twenty-eighth avenue.

Social-Democratic Coming Nations, Oklahoma and Chicago avenues.

Croatian Workingmen's Educational and Political Society, 164 Reed street.

**FRIDAY.**

Second Ward Branch, 344 Sixth street.

Twenty-second Ward Branch, Waedek's hall, 2714 North avenue.

**SATURDAY.**

Polish Branch, n. w. cor. Ninth avenue and Grant street.

Town of Milwaukee Branch, Nash and Teutonia avenues.

### Campaign Deficit Fund.

Already preparations are being made for the next coming spring election and in a short time the wheels will again be set in motion, sending out literature, speakers, etc., to help in educating the working class. We expected that the comrades and sympathizers will wipe out that campaign debt by the first of the year, but now it does not look that way. However, there is still a chance to turn the trick if all of us will put our shoulder to the wheel. Supposing we all take a chance at it and try real hard to wipe it out. Remember, every little contribution will help in wiping it out. Are you one of those who is ready to help give it a boost?

Following are the contributions sent in since the last list was published in this paper:

Amount previously reported	\$2,473.42
H. Lindemann	.25
O. Braun	1.00
J. Neelson	1.00
Per capita tax	2.40
T. B. Schreier	2.00
W. & H. Employes	5.00
P. S.	.25
A. F.	.25
E. S.	.25
Fred Binner	.25
William Smith	.25
A. S.	.25
B. R.	1.00
Louis Arnold	1.00
Picnic Committee	30.94
Tenth Ward Branch, literature in full	4.95
Town of Lake No. 3, bulletins	1.25
Tenth Ward Branch, bulletins	7.50
Fifth Ward Branch, literature	5.00
John Hassman	10.00
William Koch	10.00
Ninth Ward, bulletins	8.75
Fifth Ward, special assessments	5.00
L. G. C.	.50
Goodman Bros.	.50
Gustav Burckhardt	.25
W. R. R.	.50
C. H. P.	.50
Borchardt Bros.	.50
W. F. Deuster	.50
E. A. R.	.25
Total	\$2,575.41

**Lectures to Be Held Next Week.**

Monday, Nov. 15, Tenth Ward Branch, subject, "Man or Doll, Which?" by Charles Wiley, at Spangenberg's Hall, North avenue and Twelfth street.

Tuesday, Nov. 16, subject, "Darwinism and Its Relation to Socialism," by Arthur M. Lewis, at the Freie Gemeinde Hall, 260 Fourth street.

Friday, Nov. 19, Second Ward Branch, subject, "The Origin of the Family," by F. W. Rehfeld, at the Social-Democratic headquarters, 344 Sixth street.

**1909 Picnic Ticket Receipts.**

Previously reported \$888.60

Fred W. Bretschel . . . . . 3.00

E. W. Butts . . . . . 1.00

### STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Augusta Stahl, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Augusta Stahl, late of the City of Milwaukee, is said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to George Stahl by this Court.

It is ordered, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1910, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Augusta Stahl, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, That all claims for necessary funeral expenses, for the expenses of the last sickness of the decedent and for debts having a preference under the laws of the United States which are presented within six days hereafter be examined and adjusted by said Court, at its Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of September, 1910, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 30 day of November, 1909.

By the Court: **PAUL D. CARPENTER,** County Judge.

**RICHARD ELSNER,** Atty of Estate.

## Free Public School Lectures

Lectures, to which admission is free, are to be given in the public schools in the evening for adults as follows:

"The Wonderful West," illustrated by Charles A. Payne.

Saturday, Nov. 13—"The Miracle of Irrigation," West Division High school, Prairie and Twenty-third streets.

"Moral Problems of the Workers," a course of six lectures by Prof. Hugo I. J. Selinger, University of Chicago, to be given on consecutive Tuesdays. First lecture to be in Tenth District School No. 1, on Twelfth and Lloyd streets. The remaining lectures to be given in North Division High school, Center and Twelfth streets. Both schools reached by Twelfth street cars:

Nov. 16—"Morals and Factory."

Nov. 23—"Morals and Machinery."

Nov. 30—"Morals and Competition."

Dec. 7—"Morals and Unions."

Dec. 14—"Morals and Peace."

"Archaeological Research," a course of six lectures by Prof. W. Notz, Jr., Watertown University, to be given on consecutive Saturdays in the Eleventh District school No. 1, Tenth and Forest Home avenues. Take Forest Home avenue cars:

Nov. 13—"Explorations in Babylonia and Assyria."

Nov. 20—"Research in Egypt."

Nov. 27—"Discoveries and Researches in Arabia."

Dec. 4—"Nineveh and Babylon."

Dec. 11—"The Re-Discovery of Nineveh."

Dec. 18—"Pompeii."

"South America"—Lectures by Prof. Paul S. Reinsch, Wisconsin University, to be given in the West Division High school, Twenty-third and Prairie streets.

Friday, Dec. 10—"Politics and Social Life in South America."

Friday, Dec. 17—"Commerce and Industry in South America."

"Forestry"—Lectures by Edward M. Griffith, Wisconsin University, to be given in East Division High school, Cass and Knapp streets:

Tuesday, Dec. 7—"Practical Forestry in Wisconsin." Illustrated.

Tuesday, Dec. 14—"Conservation of Our Natural Resources."

"Problems of the Hour," by Prof. A. E. Winship, Boston, Mass.: Monday, Dec. 13—"The Schools and their Critics." Tenth District

# A Fine Set of Books Free

## IN RETURN FOR A LITTLE TIME

### Library of Original Sources Ten Massive Volumes

### VALUE OVER \$50.00 PER SET

Will you give us a little of your time? We will reward you handsomely. You can earn a set of books which every Socialist ought to possess. No Socialist library is complete without it. Why not get the set when it can be secured without one cent of cost to you? All we want is to have you help us get a few hundred life subscribers to the Social-Democratic Herald

## HERE IS THE OFFER!

The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co., publishers of the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, Vorwaerts, Wahrheit and Naprzod, English, German and Polish Socialist weeklies, has had several dull—very dull—summer months. It seems the hot weather was responsible. Our readers and workers laid down during this hot spell and left us "paddle our own canoe." Still the expenses went on. The paper had to be gotten out just the same.

In addition to our regular deficit this slump made it bad for us. But this slump is not the only thing to bother us. Tom Neacy feels hurt and wants \$10,000 damages from THE HERALD. This lawsuit will put us to a lot of additional expense.

Besides, we have just started to publish a new Polish weekly. This also means an additional burden. Still we could not postpone getting out this paper. The Polish Comrades have demanded it for years.

While subscriptions, advertising and job printing have picked up fine, we had to borrow money to help us out. Therefore we need your help. And we want more subscribers. Help us get five hundred new life subscribers. This \$2,500 is needed at once. Take a share or more of the stock of the Publishing Company.

To stimulate the sale we will give one set of the Library of Original Sources to the comrade selling the greatest number of these five hundred shares and another set to the comrade who personally takes the greatest number of shares. Anyone wishing to enter this contest must use our subscription blanks and must follow our instructions, both of which will be furnished upon request. Only paid in advance sales will be counted in this contest

When you consider that the purchasers of a share will receive full value in the form of their subscription to the HERALD in five or ten years, according as they are entitled to the local eight-page or national four-page edition, it will be a very easy matter to sell stock. Besides this, he will become a part owner in the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co.

Send for instructions and a list at once—before you do a single other thing. The books will be awarded as soon as the five hundred shares are sold. Progress of the sale will be reported in the HERALD each week. Get busy! Start right now!

## SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO.

342-344-346 Sixth Street

### STOCK SUBSCRIPTION

To the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of non-assessable shares, of the par value of \$5.00 each, of the capital stock of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to the said Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company for each share so subscribed the sum of five dollars in cash, or in monthly installments of not less than fifty cents, due and payable on or before the last day of each month, the first installment to accompany the application for stock, and each paid-up share to have one vote. It is understood that each paid-up stockholder is to receive one copy of the Social-Democratic Herald, or Naprzod, each week, or 50c discount on the yearly subscription of our German papers—Wahrheit or Vorwaerts, for life.

No. of Shares..... Name.....

Amount..... Address.....

Publication wanted.....

A chance to get the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, or NAPRZOD, or 50 cents discount on the yearly subscription of our German Papers, for life, for \$5, and a share of stock in the Publishing Co. besides.

Milwaukee Wisconsin

### WESTPHAL AUTOMATIC CHECK

Works on All Heating Systems.

Saves from 20 to 30% on Fuel

Prevents overheating, keeps rooms at an even temperature, saves you much work and worry, time and annoyance. A free trial on your own furnace.

PRICE

2-inch.....\$7.00

3-inch.....\$8.00

**H. F. WESTPHAL**

330 AND NORTH AVE.

TEL. WEST 4080L.



## If Everybody Knew

How Much Coal Is Wasted in an Old-Fashioned Stove

and how soon the ROYAL ACORN pays for itself by saving fuel it would be long before everybody in town was comfortable.

### It's a Mistake

to suppose that a good stove is a luxury you can't afford. The expensive luxury is the old, poorly mounted, leaky stove that puts more heat up the chimney than it radiates into the room.

### CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

## Reinhold Bros.

Liston Ave. and 23d Street

## Wisconsin State Organization

Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should be sent.

**NO REPORTS:** Thirty-six locals in the state sent us no report last quarter. And yet in spite of this neglect the rest of the locals in the state have done such good work that they have made up for the neglect of the others. The active locals have carried their burden and brought up the total membership to the high water mark in spite of the inactivity of the sleepy locals.

What would happen if everybody got busy once?

**WASHBURN:** The local reports nine new members received during the quarter. Comrade Johnson is watching the field in his part of the state and this local is doing splendid work.

**NEW MEMBERS:** Quite a number of the locals report new members received, showing a healthy condition of the organization. Wausau reports seven new members, Waupaca nine, Sheboygan Falls six, and others smaller numbers.

**PERSONAL WORK:**—There is no way to keep a local of the Socialist party alive but to do a certain amount of personal work. Members of the local must take time to see others, talk with them, urge them to join the organization.

## Let Us Have Your Trade in Footwear

Our aim is to give you good wearing qualities, style and prices as low, if not lower than elsewhere.

## Lamers Bros.

SHOES

354 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## Beef Extract

At About Half Price

Liebig's 2 oz. Jars 19c  
Liebig's 4 oz. Jars 35c  
Liebig's 8 oz. Jars 65c  
Liebig's 16 oz. Jars \$1.25

## At the Big Grocery

## PRITZLAFF & WINK

582-584 MITCHELL STREET

## EHRMANN BROS.

COMPLETE LINE OF Union Made Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishings

...MERCHANT TAILORING...

931 TEUTONIA AVENUE  
CORNER WRIGHT STREET

## F. A. Baumann

Can Show You a Good Line of

## Union Stamp Shoes

3215 Lisbon Avenue

# Et Tu, Bayliss!

"Unless a man gives more than ordinary thought to the problems of today the glowing pictures painted by Socialists are apt to sound plausible."

No, dear reader, this is not a plank in the Republican platform. It is merely another one of the periodical effusions of hot air and light which emanate from the radiant Mr. Bayliss. This phenomenon, which in action closely resembles the Aurora Borealis, has hitherto baffled scientific men, but owing to the diligent researches of the Milwaukee *Free Press* it is now properly catalogued in its astronomical department. It being most apparent in this vicinity has given rise to the expression "Bright Spot," but the general impression seems to be that it would more fittingly have been named after its inventor, the Hon. J. A. Bayliss. (No, Algeron, the initials are not an abbreviation of Jackass.) The *Free Press* theory is broad and very logical. It regards the brilliant display of light with an accompanying elevation of temperature as the natural result of contact between Mr. Bayliss and his arch-enemy, the disease known as Socialism. Mr. Bayliss has had several of these attacks, each more virulent than the last, and they have made the patient so apoplectic that it is feared another attack may prove fatal. For that reason it is earnestly to be hoped that the *Free Press* readers, particularly the red kind, will offer no more home-made remedies for the alleviation of his excruciating pains. They have a tendency to irritate the sufferer and cause him, despite medical advice, to reject the proffered remedies in a manner which gives others a pain as well as himself. And then, too, we must not overlook the fact that a copious injection of common sense may prove more efficient than all our cupboard remedies. His restoration to health will assure us the continued services of an earnest defender of the rich; something we sadly need in Milwaukee. Then, too, we must not disregard our possible association with greatness in embryo. The free (press) advertising may elevate Mr. J. A. B. to the office of mayor or president or even a garbage inspectorship. Mr. Jab has all the earmarks of a great man, not speaking of the ready-made tags fame forgot to remove. Do you doubt it? Well, anyhow, although, notwithstanding, but, he is a forceful writer. Has he not advanced step by step from the back page of the *Free Press* to the editorial page? Is he not original? Is he not poetic, heart-gripping—touching? Have you not heard him speak of the poor laboring man who is forced to become a drunkard for want of a comfort station? That is pathetic! Have you not heard him speak of the benighted Socialists who justify murder? That is condemnation! Have you not heard him speak of the poor fools who want to divide up everything and give one Mr. Bayliss less than he now has? Well, that's news! And now he is afraid the glowing pictures Socialists paint may sound plausible to some ears. Now that is asinine! No sane American, or Englishman for that matter, would be likely to see aught but a trait of imbecility in such a declaration. Who would dare suggest that the nations of the world disarm, their armies disband, their navies go out of commission when Mr. Jab says it isn't possible? Not we! Certainly not, unless we can first assure him that we will all be on hand "to throw lumps of coal" on choice bits of the American (beg pardon, English) language at an opposing force. Nay, that would be sheer nonsense! Not so long as Mr. Jab's son is being educated to defend his country. He may get his early training in target practice with strikers for targets, but that is right in line with Mr. Jab's reasoning. Let us call it that anyhow. So long as he is on speaking terms with his mother tongue he will use it to denounce everything but a strong-arm and weak-in-the-head policy.

No doubt Mr. Bayliss eats plenty of beef and with true sportsman's spirit arises in the morning with the desire to kill something.

But we must not be harsh in our analysis. Mr. Bayliss is still in the primer class and isn't supposed to be over-bright for his age. It is to be regretted that our do-nothing aldermen who draw \$10,000 a year from the city weren't able to put through a free text book ordinance so that we could furnish Mr. Bayliss with copies of "Stepping Stones in History" and "What the Republican Party has Done for the People et al." But then, as Mr. Bayliss sorrowfully remarks, we are not living in heaven and must turn to old Milwaukee for faces. Which reminds us that none are so blind as those who will not see. Bayliss, Brains & Co., Limited, will in time learn that the Man on Horseback usually follows the Man with the Hoe when he gets disgusted and kicks over the traces. A city contractor can do naught else but stand in with the powers that be, so what's the use of educating him beyond his capabilities; that being a true capitalist policy. Thank God, he hasn't asked to not vote this spring, which is just dear of him. Adding him up and subtracting half he isn't such a bad sort at all, only—

THE GAFFNEY.

## Serving the Bread Lords

Kenosha not long ago had a big strike, not of union men, but of men forced to rebel through disorganization. The industrial battle resulted in the wanton shooting down of a striker by a hitting of the capitalists. The strike opened a good many eyes to Socialism, and the capitalists have been seeking ways to restore the workers to blind docility. Now notice what happens:

(From the Kenosha Evening News, Nov. 8.)

"The Rev. Father Walters, junior pastor of St. George church, delivered a powerful sermon against Socialism at the 8 o'clock mass at the church on Sunday morning, flaying the tenets of Socialism before a large crowd of people made up to

a large extent of WORKING MEN and WORKING WOMEN. He preached a doctrine of CONTENT FOR WORKINGMEN, declaring that the Socialists who were stirring up discontent and strife among working people were 'false prophets' and unworthy of consideration by Christian men and women.

"His address was directed especially to the WORKMEN and he declared that they SHOULD NOT SEEK TO MAKE TROUBLE FOR THEIR EMPLOYERS, but should BE CONTENT WITH THE WAGES THAT WERE GIVEN THEM so long as they were in keeping with the services rendered. He declared that it was the province of the church to teach content among the people."

Is it hard to see the connection between such a rank sermon as that and the JINGLE OF GOLD in the pockets of Kenosha's BIG MANUFACTURERS? Doesn't it show in whose service Father Walters is enlisted? If Christ came to earth again it would be men like Father Walters who would be the first to seek some hiding place for their guilty consciences!

### STATE SECRETARY'S FINANCIAL REPORT FOR SEPTEMBER.

Receipts.	
Dues from Milwaukee County—	
Danish Branch, Milwaukee	\$3.00
Branch 3, 4 and 7, Milwaukee	4.25
Branch 3, Town of Lake Branch 8, Milwaukee	6.00
Jewish Branch, Milwaukee	3.00
Branch 5, Milwaukee	6.00
Branch 20, Milwaukee	3.00
Branch 17, Milwaukee	9.00
Branch 13, Milwaukee	6.00
Branch 8, Milwaukee	19.00
Branch 5, Milwaukee	6.00
	\$64.25
Dues from state—	
Branch 1, Sturgeon Bay	\$3.00
Members at Large	7.35
Branch 7, Racine	3.00
South Slavic Branch, Kenosha	12.30
German Branch, Kenosha	9.00
Branch 1, Washburn	3.30
Bohemian Branch, Kenosha	2.00
Finnish Branch, Allouez	1.25
Finnish Branch, Clifford	4.00
Finnish Branch, Iron-bell	1.00
Finnish Branch, Red-granite	2.00
Finnish Branch, Superior	5.00
Branch 1, Green Bay	3.00
Branch 1, Brantwood	3.00
Branch 1, Wausau	3.00
Branch 1, Prentice	3.00
Branch 1, Brodhead	8.55
Branch 1, Racine	14.55
	\$88.30
Campaign deficit fund donations	
M. M. Goebel, postage	1.25
National office, on account of Jacobs' tour	31.00
Social-Democratic picnic committee, picnic proceeds	15.00
Received from C. B. Whitnall, treasurer	51.75
	\$98.64
Balance forward from August	48.70
	\$334.34
Expenditures.	
National dues	\$31.00
C. D. Thompson, on salary	43.00
W. A. Jacobs, on salary	19.75
Cream City Bill Posting Co.	50.00
Postage	4.00
E. Vogt, salary	32.00
Typewriter ribbon	.75
Scrubbing office	1.00
Rent of office	12.50
Long distance telephone service	4.45
Refund to Branches 3 and 7, Milwaukee	.30
Social-Democratic Publishing Co., for books	6.00

## AT THE THEATERS

### DAVIDSON.

For the week starting Sunday, Robert Hilliard, the distinguished actor, will be the attraction, in "A Fool There Was." "A Fool There Was" is the work of Porter Emerson Browne, and is described as "a play like no other." It is founded on Kipling's poem, "The Vampire," and tells of the downfall of a distinguished man of the world through the arts of a conscienceless woman.

### BIJOU.

Absolutely new is the announcement made by the management of Hanlon's New Superba to be seen

in the style of the modern musical comedy with a large number of songs written for this particular production and they will be sung by a large and attractive beauty chorus. In fact it is both a singing and dancing entertainment, and while there are tricks and transformation scenes galore there is much that has never been presented before in pantomime.

### ALHAMBRA.

Of the many operettas which

have been imported from Vienna

at the Bijou tomorrow afternoon.

The story this year has been drafted

## Try a Load of Our Hardwood KINDLING \$3

DELIVERED BY UNION TEAMSTERS

## The Mueller Fuel & Supply Co.

Office 3007 Brown St. Phone West 749

## MODESTY AND HONESTY

Oh, no! we're not the only Shoe distributors. There are others, and good ones, too. We're not monopolists; you can get along without us. Should we drown, calm would follow the ripple of our disappearance.

We run our business in your interest, because we like to and because it pays us to. We carry everything in Shoes, Slippers and Rubbers.

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps with every purchase.

Complete Electric Repair department.

## THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE

LOUIS RIPLE

575-577 MITCHELL ST.

## TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

WANTED—To do advertising for societies, merchants, etc. at low prices, quick service. BAYLIS ADDRESSING CO. 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewriter letters; cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their own and substitute their cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St.

FOR SALE—RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a box, with the union label, suitable for union branches, etc. 125 each, or two for 25c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for 25c. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only 25c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

## SUMMONS

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, CITY OF MILWAUKEE—In Justice Court.

To Elsie Pure Aluminum Company:

You are hereby notified that a summons and garnishment has been issued against you and your property garnished to satisfy the demand of Wm. Hegall amounting to \$18.50.

Now unless you shall appear before C. P. Dietz, a justice of the peace, in and for Milwaukee, Wis., at his office in said city of Milwaukee, A. D. 1909 at 9 o'clock in the forenoon judgment will be rendered against you and the money and property garnished applied to pay the debt.

Dated this 2nd day of November, A. D. 1909 Wm. Hegall, Plaintiff

## EMPIRE

Roberts, Hayes and Roberts feature next week's bill at the Empire. Other acts are Bessie Browning, character impersonations; George & Moore, comedians; DeMora & Graceta, equilibrists; Ike Vogel in illustrated songs, and Empirescope latest motion pictures.

## COLUMBIA

One of the greatest kid acts in vaudeville features next week's bill at the Columbia. It is the act of Maud LePage and her seven Kid Kidders. Other acts are Willson & Alvesto, comedy gymnasts; Van Avery comedy musical act.

BAKERY WORKERS' UNION NO. 205.

The ball of the Bakers' Union takes place in the West Side Turner Hall, tonight, Saturday, November 13. This organization, which consists of young men, always offers the best there is. Among other things the ladies will receive beautiful ornamented cakes. The ball will begin at 8 p. m. Music by Bach's orchestra.

Comrades, do your shopping at the places of our advertisers; and let them know why you buy there.

Buy union label goods. Patronize union clerks. Ask for clerks' union store card.

## TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

WANTED—To do advertising for societies, merchants, etc. at low prices, quick service. BAYLIS ADDRESSING CO. 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewriter letters; cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their own and substitute their cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St.

FOR SALE—RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a box, with the union label, suitable for union branches, etc. 125 each, or two for 25c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for 25c. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only 25c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

## SUMMONS

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, CITY OF MILWAUKEE—In Justice Court.

To Elsie Pure Aluminum Company:

You are hereby notified that a summons and garnishment has been issued against you and your property garnished to satisfy the demand of Wm. Hegall amounting to \$18.50.

Now unless you shall appear before C. P. Dietz, a justice of the peace, in and for Milwaukee, Wis., at his office in said city of Milwaukee, A. D. 1909 at 9 o'clock in the forenoon judgment will be rendered against you and the money and property garnished applied to pay the debt.

Dated this 2nd day of November, A. D. 1909 Wm. Hegall, Plaintiff

## TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

WANTED—To do advertising for societies, merchants, etc. at low prices, quick service. BAYLIS ADDRESSING CO. 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewriter letters; cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their own and substitute their cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St.

FOR SALE—RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a box, with the union label, suitable for union branches, etc. 125 each, or two for 25c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for 25c. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only 25c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.



## A Rank Salary Grab

The salary of the city clerk is \$2,500. We will say this for Mr. Hinkle, that he earns the money. So far as we have been able to observe he has been attentive to duty, and painstaking. He has numerous duties which he attends to, and works with his clerks and deputies instead of putting everything on them.

But—  
Turn your eyes now to the COUNTY clerk.

County Clerk Phelps is looked upon as a joke round the courthouse. He does not earn \$2,500, yet has been tucking away in his pocket a nice \$4,700 each year. He is scarcely ever in his office. People having business with his office have learned to cease looking for him. They have dealt with his deputy, who is actually the head of the office.

Yet Phelps has been drawing the fat salary of \$4,000 a year, plus the hunting fees, which amount to about \$700 a year.

He has drawn this money year after year and rendered scarcely any service for it in return.

### THE THING HAS LONG BEEN A SCANDAL.

Nor is there a clear title to the fees he pockets. Both the district attorney and the attorney general of the state have shaken their heads dubiously.

Rotten as all this is, there is worse to be told.

At the annual meeting of the county board Tuesday afternoon, over the protests of the Social-Democratic supervisors, AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO INCREASE COUNTY CLERK PHELPS' SALARY TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR, IN LIEU OF THE FEES! It was simply outrageous. A hold-up.

Happily, the Social-Democrats were able to discourage the immediate adoption of the rail on the treasury, but it will come up at the next meeting.

IN THE MEANTIME LET THE PEOPLE SPEAK OUT!

## Town Topics by the Town Crier

The Metropolitan Park commission is "sum pumpkins," all right.

Milwaukee can congratulate itself that at last it is to have a tuberculosis hospital. Health Commissioner Bading deserves credit for his work in its behalf.

## DAVIDSON

SHERMAN BROWN, Manager

Week Commencing Sunday  
Mats. Wed. and Sat.

Frederic Thompson brings

## Robert Hilliard

IN

## "A FOOL THERE WAS"

A PLAY LIKE NO OTHER By  
Porter Emerson Browne

Original New York Cast

Nights: \$1.50 Mats: \$1.00

## BIJOU

Beginning Matinee  
Tomorrow

Matinee Wednesday and Saturday  
The Prosperity Edition of

## Hanlon's New SUPERBA

Augmented by a Large Beauty Chorus

N Grand Transformation Scene  
E Gorgeous Costumes—Songs—  
W Ballets—Bewildering Effects  
S Three Carloads of Scenery  
S Teddy in the Jungle  
E Beautiful Human Flower Vase  
E The Never Failing Aeroplane  
The Wonderful May Day Festival

Clowns—New Tricks  
Never Was—Never Will Be—A  
Show Like It

Week Nov. 21—Sunday Mat.  
Thanksgiving Matinee

Sensational Military Offering  
"ON TRIAL FOR  
HIS LIFE"

## Gayety

LEADING  
BURLESQUE  
THEATER

Beginning Matinee Tomorrow

Weber and Rush present

## The Dainty Duchess

With a Cast of 50—PEOPLE—50

SPECIAL—Heinrich Weber German  
Mat Champion Meeting All Comers He  
Will Forfeit \$100 to Any Man He Fails  
to throw in Fifteen Minutes.

## ROBERSON TRAVELOGUES

Begin at Pabst Theatre, November 22, with  
"THE POLAR WORLD"

Introducing First Motion Pictures Ever Made of Arctic Scenes

SEAT SALE MONDAY COURSE TICKETS \$2 and \$1

## Social-Democrats in Action

### County Board Salary Grabs Opposed. Want the Dark Cells Closed. Our Aldermen Fighting for Cheaper Water for Small Consumers

At the annual meeting of the county board last Tuesday the project to purchase four squares for a new courthouse site at the rise of land bounded by Eighth, Wells, Tenth and State streets, as part of the future civic center plan of reconstructed Milwaukee. The Social-Democrats all voted for this wise proposition and there were four votes opposed. The present courthouse has outlived its usefulness as a place for the county offices and the county records, the latter being in positive danger constantly. Eight new courts must be housed. Almost every large, progressive city in the world has had to reconstruct its central area, widen streets and get elbow room, and at the greatest cost because not taken before land prices became almost prohibitive. Milwaukee aims to take time by the forelock and grow to a plan instead of having finally to adopt one at the greatest possible expense.

The old party supervisors raised the salary of the committee clerk of the board from \$1,800 to \$2,000, for what reason it would be hard to find out, and voted down a motion by Supervisor Bonnes to fix the salary at the old amount. Supervisor Mensing moved to substitute the name of A. J. Welch for that of A. V. Klefisch, the motion being lost by a vote of 10 to 6.

The shameful attempt of the old party supervisors to boost the salary of County Clerk Phelps to \$5,000 failed for the time being, due to the activity of the Social-Democratic members. Supervisor Mensing pointed out the question that existed as to the right of the clerk to pocket the \$700 of hunting license fees a year in addition to his \$4,000 salary. He said: "The committee reporting in favor of this increase assume that the clerk is legally entitled to these fees. Such is not the case. It is still a mooted question. Mr. Phelps states that he has the opinions of lawyers who sustain his contention. I have opinions from other lawyers who believe with me that he is not entitled to them. Others admit that the question is not free from doubt. The district attorney says the law is not plain and could be construed either way. One section of the law says the clerk shall be paid a salary 'in lieu of all fees,' and all fees received by him shall be turned over to the county treasurer for the use of the county. Another section provides that the applicant for a hunting license shall pay one dollar, 90 cents to be remitted to Madison and 10 cents to be retained. Mr. Phelps claims these ten cents come to him as an individual. I claim that he receives them as a county official. And these fees are collected during the official hours during which Mr. Phelps is being paid by the county."

Supervisor Fisher: "I agree that that there is some doubt, but the county clerk should be given the benefit of the doubt." (?)  
Supervisor Mensing: "I disagree with Mr. Fisher. Mr. Phelps is well able to take care of himself. The benefit of the doubt should always go to the people."

Supervisor Sheehan pointed out that the law may have been intended to cover committees where the fee system still prevails. He poked fun at the committee for favoring giving Mr. Phelps \$1,000 increase when he only asked for \$700 increase. Supervisor Mensing said he would agree to \$4,500 as a compromise.

Three times Mr. Phelps was given the floor to argue for himself, his old party friends not feeling able to answer the Social-Democrats. Finally the whole matter was on motion sent back to the committee and district attorney.

Supervisor Moerschel introduced a resolution to have the county's name painted on automobiles furnished county officials by the board. It was referred to a committee.

Supervisor Jeske presented a resolution to abolish the system of putting disobedient inmates of the county almshouse in a dark cell for punishment, and this was also referred. It was generally supposed that the dark cell at the almshouse was out of use, but Supt. Bark recently incautiously admitted that he used it in the manner complained of.

The meeting of the common council Monday afternoon was a

rather tame affair. Ald. Wittig (Dem.) bobbed up with his terrible affidavits, which the aldermen, evidently knowing the value of the affidavits, nearly laughed at. The alderman tried to initiate a rough house, but his attack on Ald. Grass did not make a hit and he finally subsided.

The old party aldermen considerably smothered to death the resolution to investigate the illegal use of city water by the American Hide & Leather Co. This was a case where it was understood that the company had not only followed the practice of the Zohrlant tannery, which was caught red-handed some years ago in a city water steal, but had so coupled its pipes for river water to the city pipes as to make it possible for river water to work back into the city mains and thus contaminate the drinking water of the people in that part of the city. Such grave charges are embarrassing to aldermen who like to look good to the eyes of the big manufacturers. There will be no investigation!

Ald. Grass introduced an ordinance to reduce the size of billboards. Ald. Koch introduced a resolution asking the city attorney for an opinion as to the right of the city to erect poles and wire and hire current from private concerns for street lighting.

The council did not lower water rates at its Monday meeting, principally because the measure before it is of no value to the common people and since its true nature has been exposed in these columns the council is afraid of it. The best thing the aldermen can do is to pitchfork the Pierson measure out of the way and take up Ald. Ries' resolution to abolish the charge for meter reading. That will reach just the people who need help in this matter, and the big fellows cannot make a valid kick against it, either, unless they wish to contend that the big man should get his water cleaner than the little fellow!

Ald. Weiley introduced a petition from Twenty-first warders for a playground across the street from the Twenty-first District School No. 3. The object is to keep the children off the railroad tracks. The property is bounded by N. Pierce, Fraternity, Concordia and Auer ave.

### The "Revolutionary" Ladies

Some well-meaning women of Milwaukee, calling themselves Daughters of the American Revolution, but who are themselves so far from being revolutionists that they

gaged. In the interest of health, in the interest of decency, in the interest of future citizenship, the plan should be carried out in all completeness. Keep your eyes on the city's new park!

Of course the C. & M. & St. P. railroad does not want to pay anything toward viaduct repairs. Yet there would not have to be a viaduct if it were not for the railroad tracks. The railroad ought to be made to pay every cent of the cost of building viaducts and keeping them in repair. If you had a majority of Social-Democrats in the council some things would happen, you may just bet!

Hooray! Who says the Auditorium under the control of the "business" men isn't a credit and an advantage to the city? Nelson A. Aldrich, standard Oil owner of the U. S. senate, and one of the crookedest men who ever prospered in American public life, will speak on currency conditions at the Auditorium Nov. 11, under the auspices of that great organization of honest men known as the Merchants & Manufacturers' Association. Hooray!

The man who has made such a great success of the Garrick Theater lectures in Chicago is coming



to Milwaukee! How often we have been asked, "Why don't you get ARTHUR M. LEWIS to speak in Milwaukee?" Now he is really coming! It will be a rare treat for all intelligent people in

### At Last We Have Him

this city to hear this great lecturer give HIS FAMOUS LECTURE before a Milwaukee audience. This lecture, which made Mr. Lewis' fame in Chicago, and which he has now brought down to date with all modern scientific discoveries, is entitled DARWINISM AND ITS RELATION TO SOCIALISM.

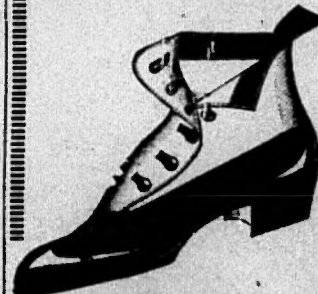
Don't miss this opportunity nor let your neighbors miss it. Bring with you your neighbor and your neighbor's neighbor. Bring all the men from your shop.  
TUESDAY, NOV. 16, at 8 p. m., and back the hall. Every one of them will thank you for having offered them this rare treat. Tell them that the ADMISSION IS FREE, and that they will be given something to think over for a month. If the people of Milwaukee realized this opportunity, not one would stay away. Don't forget the place, FREIE GEMEINDE HALL, 260 Fourth street. Remember that although Mr. Lewis has been giving this course of lectures for years every Sunday morning at the Garrick Theater, Chicago, yet they have become so popular that almost every Sunday this large theater is jammed and there are HUNDREDS TURNED AWAY!

You Want A Pair Of

## SHOES

That suits you, you want wear, comfort, style and a reasonable price. We got a line of men's shoes in now that will just suit you. They've got the stuff in them, put there by first class shoe makers

LOOK AT THIS



\$4

These shoes come in Patent Colt, Demi-Glaze and Velour Calf. They're winners—you won't be happy till you've worn a pair. Another thing, we fit shoes right at

## Luedke's

413-415  
National Avenue

## MANDEL ENGRAVING CO.

MAKERS OF THE BEST  
NEWS PAPER  
& CAMPAIGN  
ZINC ETCHINGS  
& HALF TONES  
CAWKER-BLDG.  
WEST WATER & WELLS ST.  
—MILWAUKEE—

## Prasser's Special Offerings

POSITIVELY SAVE YOU MONEY

WE COULD not and we WOULD not make this assertion if it were not absolutely true. We sell only such goods of which we are positive of their absolute reliability. You ought to get acquainted with the Prasser Method of merchandising for your own goodness sake.

This Dresser for  
\$8.75



A beautiful, Solid Oak Dresser—oval mirror—just like the illustration—three drawers—a regular \$12 value.

Seventy-five other styles to choose from at prices from \$6.75 to \$66.00 each.

Try Our Fully Guaranteed STOVES and RANGES

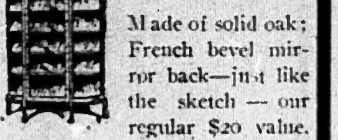
Don't fail to see our THIRTY-FIVE DOLLAR Combination Coal and Gas Range with high warming closet—the best ever offered. Take a look at the other values we offer.

Tapestry Brussels Rugs—size 9 by 12 feet—\$14 values for \$12.

Velvet Rugs—size 9 by 12 feet—regular \$20 values for only \$18.

Oriental Rugs—size 9 by 12 feet—regular \$30 values—for \$26.

This China Closet  
\$15.00



Made of solid oak; French bevel mirror back—just like the sketch—our regular \$20 value.

Thirty-five other styles at your choosing at prices from \$12.00 to \$75.00 each.

## Geo. I. Prasser & Sons

National Ave., Cor. 4th Ave.

## Ethical Hall Lectures

Second Series

By Harvey Dee Brown

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 8 P. M.  
558 JEFFERSON STREET

Subject: The Co-operative Commonwealth  
Fine Musical Program This Invites You

## Flannel Shirts

Wool Flannel Overshirts in assorted colors, blue, gray, tan, etc, full cut. Union Made

\$1 to \$2.50

Buy an Overcoat Now. Try Us

Brueff  
CLOTHING CO.  
Cor. 18th and Fond du Lac Av

## South Side Turn Hall

473 National Ave.

FOR RENT FOR  
Weddings, Parties, Balls  
and Theatricals.

WM. F. SCHMIDT  
Manager and Proprietor of  
TURN HALL SALOON

## ALHAMBRA

Milwaukee's Foremost Theatre

Week Starting Sunday Eve., November 14

Corinne in  
Mile. Mischief  
A VIENNESE OPERA IN 3 ACTS  
Only Musical Show in Town

Best Seats Eve. \$1.00  
Wed. and Sat. Matinee 75c  
Next Week—George Fawcett in  
The Great John Ganton

## MAJESTIC

ALWAYS THE BEST SHOWS

Week Starting Monday, Nov. 15

Matinee

Mabel Hite and Mike Donilo

in "A Double Play"

Miss Charlotte Parry in

"The Cornet Mystery"

Sam Watson's

Farmyard Circus

Warren, Lyon and Meyers

Louis Wray and Ted Barron

Fred Soren

Barnes Sisters

Joe Jackson

Majesticcope

Evenings

10c to

75c.

## New Star

W.A.T. DAILY

Commencing Sun. Mat. Nov. 14

The Musical Burlesque Show

Miss New York, Jr.

The Show of Many Scenes and

Situations

Levish in Lovely Girls

## CRYSTAL

HEELEY and HEELEY

and Wartenberg Bros.

5 Other Acts 5

5 Other Acts 5

5 Other Acts 5